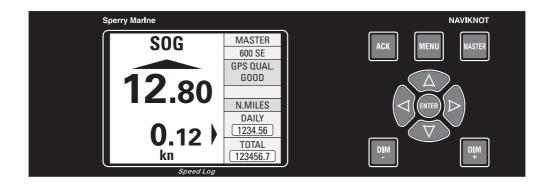


Sperry Marine

Operation, Installation and Service Manual



NAVIKNOT 600 SE

Combined Satellite and Electromagnetic Speed Log

056349/C, 18 Apr 2008

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Rev.	Date	Remarks
С	18 Apr 2008	antenna unit orientation now optionally "forward" or "port"
В	24 Jan 2008	minor corrections/additions
А	06 Aug 2007	initial version

Revision Record

Safety Instructions

Safety Notice Conventions

The following safety notice conventions are followed throughout this manual:



A **Danger** notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, **will result in injury or death of personnel**.

A **Warning** notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, **could result in injury or death of personnel**.

A **Caution** notice contains an operating or maintenance procedure, practice, condition, statement, etc., which, if not strictly observed, **could result in damage to, or destruction of equipment**.

A **Note** contains an essential operating or maintenance procedure, condition or statement, which is considered important enough to be highlighted.

Special safety symbols may be used in this manual to indicate:



Risk of electrical shock.

Used in conjunction with a **Danger** or **Warning** notice.



Electronic components sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Used in conjunction with a **Caution** notice.

General Safety Information for the Operator



In the "Manual" mode of operation, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE transmits valid output signals and data to the receiving equipment connected.

The function of the "Manual" mode is to maintain normal operation of speed receivers such as gyrocompasses, RADAR, ARPA etc., in case of failure of the log sensor.

When operating the NAVIKNOT 600 SE in the "Manual" mode, make sure that ship's crew are aware of the fact that speed and distance information from the log is not valid.

Operating the NAVIKNOT 600 SE in "Manual" mode may severely affect the proper function of all equipment which depends on accurate speed and/or distance data.



The NAVIKNOT 600 SE is type approved as a speed and distance measuring equipment only.

While the satellite PCB contained in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit produces position, heading and rate of turn data, these data are to be regarded internal and may not be used for navigation purposes. The data outputs on the satellite PCB may not be connected to external equipment.

Under no circumstances may the NAVIKNOT 600 SE be used as a substitute for mandatory equipment such as compasses or position receivers.

General Safety Information for Service Personnel

Safety information relating to system configuration, maintenance, servicing and troubleshooting is presented in the respective chapters.

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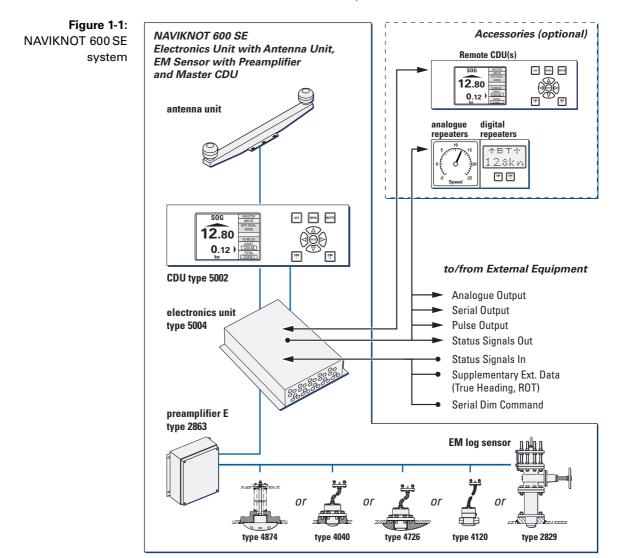
1.1 Design and Main Features

The NAVIKNOT 600 SE is a compact solid-state microprocessor controlled system to determine a vessel's longitudinal and transverse speeds and distance travelled over ground as well as longitudinal speed and distance travelled through the water.

The system complies with IMO resolutions A. 824(19) and A.694(17) and with EN/IEC standards 61023, 61162 and 60945. The NAVIKNOT 600 SE has been type-approved by Germanischer Lloyd, in accordance with the Maritime Equipment Directive 2002/75/EC and assigned certificate no. 44958-07 Lux.

In accordance with the mutual recognition agreement (MRA), USCG approval no. 165.10/EC 0801/4477207has been granted.

A basic system consists of the NAVIKNOT 600 SE Electronics Unit, a Control and Display Unit (CDU), a satellite antenna unit and an EM (electromagnetic) speed sensor with the Preamplifier E, type 2863. Up to three additional remote CDUs may be connected to the electronics unit.



Data Outputs

Serial speed and distance data is provided in the NMEA 0183 format at six RS-422 outputs. These are divided into two groups of three outputs each, which may be configured independently to suit the receiving equipment.

Analogue speed signals are provided at one voltage and one current output. The mapping of actual speeds to corresponding output values is configured for each output independently.

The distance travelled is also provided as a pulse signal at six contact closure outputs. These are divided into three groups of three, two and one output respectively, which may be configured independently to provide 10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

1.2 Operating Principle

To determine the longitudinal and transverse ground speeds, the system makes use of a self-contained satellite sensing system, consisting of the satellite PCB with two GPS receivers inside the electronics unit and the antenna unit connected to it.

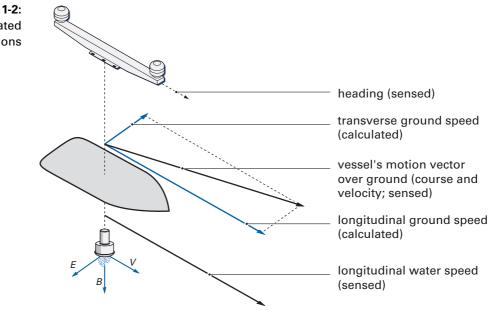
The satellite PCB combines the data from the GPS receivers with data from built-in rate gyros to determine the vessel's heading, velocity, course, and attitude. While the heading is referenced to the vessel's fore-and-aft line, the velocity and course represent the vessel's motion vector, i.e. the magnitude and direction of its motion over ground.

The sensed data are sent to the processing PCB inside the electronics unit, which resolves the velocity data into the vessel-referenced longitudinal and transverse ground speeds.

The speed vectors combined with the sensed rate of turn data are used to discern between translational and rotational movements of the vessel. These are used to determine the bow and stern transverse speeds shown on the "docking display" page.

To determine the longitudinal water speed, the system utilizes the electromagnetic principle.

The EM sensor generates a magnetic field around itself when an AC current is applied to its excitation coil. The ship's motion through the water gives rise to an electrical field (*E*) perpendicular to the magnetic field (*B*) and the ship's motion (*V*). The resulting signal is picked up by the sensor electrodes and passed on to the preamplifier. The preamplifier converts the sensed ("raw") speed to a digital format (NAVIKNOT protocol) and transmits it to the electronics unit.



The electronics unit transmits all speed data to receiving external equipment and to the connected CDUs. From the longitudinal ground and water speeds, the electronics unit also calculates the distances travelled and maintains the total and daily mile counters for both the ground and water distances.

Figure 1-2: sensed and calculated speeds and directions

1.3 Technical Data

General

Ground Speed Range, Accuracies and Operating Parameters, Satellite Sensing System

measuring range	–99 to +99 kn longitudinal –99 to +99 kn transverse
accuracy of ground velocity	0.2 kn or 2% of true velocity
settling time, heading acquisition	4 min. coast time

Water Speed Ranges and Accuracies, EM-Sensors

measuring range sensor FNFI, type4040 type 4726 with hydrofairing sensor FNF II sensor FNF III sensor NF	-35 to +35 kn ¹ -20 to +60 kn -35 to +35 kn -35 to +35 kn -35 to +30 kn
accuracy relative to water flow at location of sensor	0.1 kn or better

1 Negative values apply only if sensor location and vessel's hull shape permit the sensing of speeds astern.

NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit, Type 5004

Environmental Requirements

ambient temperature, operation	-15°C – +55°C
ambient temperature, storage	-15°C – +55°C
protection grade	IP 23 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power supply

supply voltage	24 VDC (18-36 V)
max. ripple content	±4 Vpp; extreme values may not exceed 36 V or fall below 18 V
power consumption	16 W max.

Magnetic Clearance

to standard magnetic compass	0.5 m
to steering magnetic compass	0.4 m
reduced, to standard magnetic compass	0.3 m
reduced, to steering magnetic compass	0.3 m

Dimensions and Weight

width	340 mm	
height	120 mm	
depth	545 mm	
unit can be deck mounted only; sides of housing must be parallel or perpendicular to vessel's cen- terline to within ±5°		
weight	8.0 kg	·

Data Inputs

sensing and status from satellite PCB	NMEA 0183 (proprietary sentences)
EM sensor speed data	NAVIKNOT serial protocol
external data (supplementary, not required for basic system functionality)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; true heading, rate of turn
control data from CDUs	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162 (proprietary sentences)
serial dimming command	NMEA 0183

Signal and Status Inputs

double ended ferry mode	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, latching
ext. alarm acknowledge status (mute)	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, momentary, normally open
ext. dim+ ext. dim-	connection to P.Gnd via ext. contact, momentary, normally open

Data Outputs

serial data RS-422 outputs, group 1 (3x)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; all or selected subset of: longitudinal and transverse ground speeds longitudinal water speed distances travelled log status (proprietary sentence) EMRI DIB10 docking display data (proprietary sentence)
serial data RS-422 outputs, group 2 (3x)	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; all or selected subset of: longitudinal and transverse ground speeds longitudinal water speed distances travelled log status (proprietary sentence) EMRI DIB10 docking display data (proprietary sentence)
control data to satellite PCB	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; configuration/status/alarms (pro- prietary sentences)
display data to CDUs	NMEA 0183 / IEC 61162; speeds/velocity distances travelled heading rate of turn status/alarms (proprietary sen- tences)

Signal and Status Outputs

analogue speed output, voltage	max. range -9.999 – 9.999 VDC; speed mapped to output voltage through definition of min. and- max. speed/voltage pairs
analogue speed output, current	max. range 0 – 20 mA; speed mapped to output current through definition of min. and- max. speed/current pairs
pulse outputs, group 1 (outputs 1,2 and 3)	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm
pulse outputs, group 2 outputs 4 and 5)	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm
pulse output 6	10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 p/nm or ext. alarm mute
power failure/general alarm speed log failure alarm speed limit threshold alarm watch alarm acknowledge	potential-free relay contacts, each rated 30 VDC/1.0 A, 100 VDC/0.3 A, 125 VAC/0.5 A;

Satellite Antenna Unit

Dimensions and Weight

width	98 mm	\bigcirc
height	144 mm	
depth	776 mm	
beam supporting must be aligned pendicular to ves within ±9°		2
weight	1.9 kg approx.	

Preamplifier E, Type 2829

Environmental Requirements

ambient temperature, operation	–15 to +55 °C
ambient temperature, storage	–25 to +70 °C
protection grade	IP 56 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power Supply

supply voltage	230 VAC or 115 VAC, 50-60 Hz
power consumption	24 W

Magnetic Clearance

to standard magnetic compass	0.3 m
to steering magnetic compass	0.3 m

Dimensions and Weight

width	239 mm	T T
height	285 mm	•
depth	83 mm) je
weight	3.0 kg	

EM Log Sensors

Common Operational Data

excitation voltage	24 VAC
excitation current	1 A
nominal output voltage	180 μV/kn

Sensor NF, Type 2829

sensor for steel or aluminium ves- sels, single or double bottom	
installation method	from inside vessel, through hull fittings
pressure resistance	> 4 bar (4000 hectopascal)
cable length	30 m
dimensions and weight	see drawing 2829-0112-01
weight	sensor approx. 20 kg hull fittings approx. 50 kg

Sensor FNFI, Types 4040 and 4726

sensor for steel or aluminium ves- sels, single or double bottom	
installation method	from inside vessel, in drydock
pressure resistance	> 2 bar (2000 hectopascal)
cable length	20 m
dimensions and weight	see drawing 4040-0112-01 or 4726-0112-01 respectively
weight	17.0 kg

Sensor FNF II, Type 4120

sensor for wooden or glass-fibre vessels	
installation method	from inside vessel, in drydock
pressure resistance	> 2 bar (2000 hectopascal)
cable length	20 m
dimensions and weight	see drawing 4120-0120-01
weight	15.0 kg

Sensor FNF III, Type 4874

sensor for steel or aluminium ves- sels, single or double bottom	
installation method	from outside vessel; sensor can be exchanged without drydocking by a diver
pressure resistance	> 4 bar (4000 hectopascal)
cable length	30 m
dimensions and weight	see drawing 4874-0112-01
weight	22.0 kg

Control and Display Unit (CDU)

Environmental Requirements

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ambient temperature, operation	-15°C – +55°C
ambient temperature, storage	-25°C – +70°C
protection grade, main CDU and 3x1 remote unit	IP 23 to DIN EN 60529
protection grade, 2x1 remote unit	<i>PN 73506</i> : frontside IP 65 to DIN EN 60529, if installed with seal in console panel; IP 23 if installed in console frame <i>PN 73507 (in housing with bracket):</i> IP 65 to DIN EN 60529
environmental conditions / EMC	in accordance with IEC 60945

Power supply

supply voltage	24 VDC (18-36 V)
max. ripple content	±4 Vpp; extreme values may not exceed 36 V or fall below 18 V
power consumption	14 W max. (3x1 unit) 4 W max. (2x1 unit)

Magnetic Clearance

to standard magnetic compass	0.70 m (3x1 unit) 0.80 m (2x1 unit)
to steering magnetic compass	0.40 m (3x1 unit) 0.50 m (2x1 unit)
reduced, to standard magnetic compass	0.45 m (3x1 unit) 0.50 m (2x1 unit)
reduced, to steering magnetic compass	0.30 m (3x1 unit) 0.30 m (2x1 unit)

Dimensions and Weight, Main CDU and 3x1 remote unit

PN 73508 (for console mounting)

width	192 mm	
height	96 mm	
depth		prox. 120 mm backward clearance from urface required for connector cable and
weight	2.4 kg	

PN 79489 (PN 73508 factory-assembled in console frame)

frame width	319 mm	
frame height	127 mm	

PN 73509 (in housing with bracket)

width	350 mm	
max. height (unit in vertical position)	150 mm	
max. depth (unit in horizon- tal position)	130 mm	
weight	3.2 kg	<u>.</u>

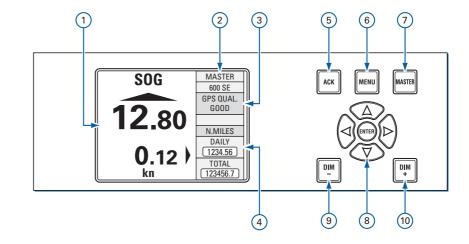
Dimensions and Weight, 2x1 remote unit

PN 73506 (for console	mounting)		
width	192 mm		
height	96 mm		
depth	44 mm; approx. 100 m from mounting surface cable and plug	m backward clearance required for connector	
weight	2.4 kg		
PN 79488 (PN 73506 fa	ctory-assembled in cons	ole frame)	
frame width	223 mm		
frame height	127 mm		
PN 73507 (in housing with bracket)			
width	256 mm		
max. height (unit in vertical position)	155 mm		
max. depth (unit in horizontal position)	116 mm		
weight	3.2 kg		

Chapter 2: Operation

2.1 Display and Operating Keys

Figure 2-1: NAVIKNOT 600 SE operating unit



- Main Display: shows one of five selectable pages, indicating
 Ground speeds, longitudinal and transverse
 - Water speed, longitudinal
 - "Docking" display (longitudinal and bow and stern transverse ground speeds)
 - Satellite status page
 - Alarm page
- 2 Sidebar: Shows additional information, indicating
 - Operating mode (Master or Repeater).
 - ③ GPS signal and alarm Status
 - GPS signal status (good/fair/poor)
 - In case of pending alarms, acknowledge status and error code(s) are displayed, alternating with GPS signal status.
 - ④ Supplementary Data, depending on active main display page
 - on ground speed page: total and daily mile counters
 - on docking display page: heading, course over ground and rate of turn
 - on satellite status page: GPS HDOP/VDOP, date and time
 - on alarm page: date and time
- **6 ACK** key. Acknowledges pending alarms; mute alarm buzzer.
- 6 **MENU** key. Calls up or quits the menu mode.
- ⑦ MASTER key. Requests Master operating mode for this unit.
- (8) Navigation Keypad:

In normal operational mode,
UP, DOWN keys scroll through main display pages.
LEFT, RIGHT keys scroll through list of active alarms.
In menu mode,
UP, DOWN, LEFT, RIGHT keys navigate through the operating menu;
ENTER confirms and stores settings made in the menu mode.

(9) DIM- / DIM+. Adjust the display brightness.

2.2 External control devices

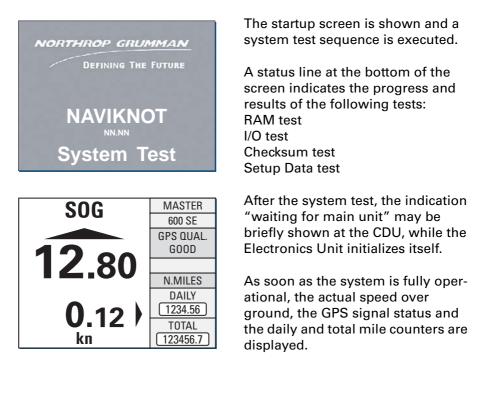
Depending on the installation, external devices may be present to remotely control certain functions of the NAVIKNOT 600 SE:

- The audible alarm at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE may be muted from a remote device, e.g. a central alarm panel.
- External pushbuttons may be used to adjust the display brightness.
- If connected to a central dimming facility, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE may receive dimming commands via a serial data connection.
- An external selector switch may be used to activate or de-activate the double-ended ferry mode. In this mode, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE displays and transmits all speeds with the sign reversed.

2.3 Power-up Sequence

The individual components of the NAVIKNOT system are not equipped with power switches. All devices power up simultaneously, as soon as supply power is applied to the system.

Upon power up, the startup routine is executed:



Note



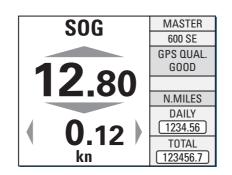
Should the NAVIKNOT electronics fail to establish communication with the CDU(s) after power-up, the indication "waiting for main unit" will be shown permanently at all connected CDUs. An audible alarm is sounded which must be locally acknowledged at each CDU. The NAVIKNOT system will not operate properly until the cause of failure

is eliminated and should be powered down until it can be serviced.

2.4 Display Indications in Normal Operational Mode

Main Display Pages

In the normal operational mode, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU permanently displays one of the five selectable main display pages.



Ground Speed (SOG)

The main display shows the actual longitudinal and transverse speed over ground.

Arrow symbols indicate the respective direction in which the vessel is moving (up = ahead, down = astern, right = to stb., left = to port). The values themselves are displayed without sign.

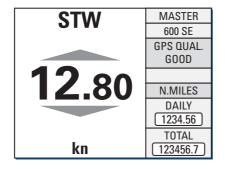
The sidebar shows the GPS signal status and the distance counters (daily and total miles) for the distance made good over ground. The count is incremented at positive speeds only, counting is halted during zero or negative speeds.

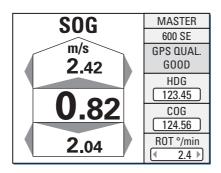
Water Speed (STW)

The main display shows the actual longitudinal speed through the water.

Arrow symbols indicate the direction in which the vessel is moving (up = ahead, down = astern). The value itself is displayed without sign.

The sidebar shows the GPS signal status and the distance counters (daily and total miles) for the distance made good through the water. The count is incremented at positive speeds only, counting is halted during zero or negative speeds.





Docking Display

The main display shows a graphical representation of the vessel, indicating the actual longitudinal speed over ground as well as the transverse ground speeds at the bow and at the stern.

Arrow symbols indicate the direction in which the vessel is moving (up = ahead, down = astern, right = to stb., left = to port).

The values themselves are displayed without sign.

The sidebar shows the GPS signal status and the data used to calculate the speeds displayed, i.e. the vessel's heading (ROT), the direction of the motion vector (course over ground, COG) and the rate of turn (ROT).

Satellite Status

The main display shows the actual GPS position as received from the satellite PCB.

A tabular overview is given of the satellites in view as well as the respective satellite's signal-to-noise ratio, azimuth and elevation

The sidebar shows the GPS signal status, the current VDOP and HDOP figures and the date and time as received from the satellite PCB.

Alarm Page

The alarm page list the alarm messages and acknowledge status of all active alarms.

The sidebar shows the date and time as received from the satellite PCB.

	GPS F	POSIT	ION		MASTER
N	54	°11	89	0'	600 SE
Ŵ	007			- 1	GPS QUAL. GOOD
N0 Ø1	<u> SAT </u> 07	<u>SNR</u> 04	AZ 47	EL 31	GPS DOP
02 03	11 03	16 12	43 49	27 33	V:1.6 H:1.1
04 05	22 08 19	09 11	41 57 52	39 38	UTC-TIME
06 07 08	19	16	52	41	12:34:56
09 10					DATE
11 12				_	23.01.2008

ALARM	MASTER	
	600 SE	
< (1/2) >	GPS QUAL.	
ALARM NO: 30	GOOD	
GPS TIMEOUT		
	UTC-TIME	
ACTIVE	12:34:56	
NOT ACKNOWLEDGED	DATE	
	23.01.2008	

MAAOTED

Operating Status Indications

SOG	MASTER
202	REMOTE

MAN

SOG

MASTER

Master/Remote status

The indication "MASTER" is shown in the top right corner of the CDU which is currently assigned the operating master status. Other CDUs, if present, will show the indication "REMOTE"

Manual speed input active

When the manual input mode has been activated in the manual settings menu, the indication "MAN" is shown in the top left corner of the speed display.

Water speed not calibrated

When the sensor calibration table is empty or calibration has been switched off, the indication "UNCAL" is shown in the bottom left corner of the speed display.

	UNCAL kn	TOTAL 123456.7
--	----------	-------------------

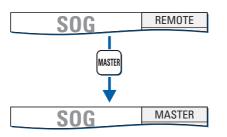
2.5 Requesting Master Control

In cases where more than one CDU is installed, only one of these is assigned master control while all others will operate as remote units.

Only from the master, the operator can access the operating and service menus, acknowledge alarms and scroll through the alarm list.

Remote CDUs permanently display speed and distance. The only keys functional at a remote CDU are the **DIM**-/**DIM**+ keys to adjust the brightness level, the **UP** and **DOWN** keys to scroll through the main display pages and the **MASTER** key, which requests master control to be transferred to this CDU.

To request master control at a remote CDU:



Press the **MASTER** key. Master control is transferred and the mode indication changes from "REMOTE" to "MASTER".

Note

Master control can only be requested from a CDU which is currently operating as remote unit.

The current master cannot actively transfer control to a remote CDU. Any remote CDU may request master control at any time, i.e. control requests cannot be refused by the current master.

2.6 Adjusting the display brightness

The brightness of the display and keypad illumination is adjusted via the **DIM+/DIM-** keys:



Press the **DIM+** key to increase the illumination brightness. Press the **DIM-** key to reduce the illumination brightness.

Note

-6

The display brightness can only be adjusted in normal operational mode. The brightness setting is not retained between power-ups. The NAVIKNOT 600 SE always powers up at the second brightest level.

2.7 **Optional Functions**

The following functions may be available if the system is equipped with the respective external controls and configured accordingly.

Muting Alarms Remotely

On alarm, actuate the mute control at a remote device (e.g. a central alarm panel). The audible alarm is muted.



Note

A remotely muted alarm remains in the pending (unacknowledged) state. The alarm is indicated as pending in the sidebar until the alarm is acknowledged at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE or the cause of the alarm is eliminated.

Resetting/Acknowledging a Central Watch Alarm

If connected to a central watch alarm facility ('dead man alarm'), the NAVIKNOT 600 SE will automatically reset the watch alarm timer whenever a key is pressed on the unit.

Should a watch alarm be given, press any key at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE to acknowledge the alarm and reset the watch alarm timer.

External Dimming

If external **DIM+/DIM-** pushbuttons are installed, these operate in parallel with the builtin **DIM+/DIM-** keys.

For future applications, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE also possesses an input for serial data dimming commands from a central dimming facility.

Activating Double-Ended Ferry Mode

In certain installations, a switch may be installed to activate or de-activate the double-ended ferry mode. If this mode is active, all speeds are displayed and transmitted with their sign reversed.



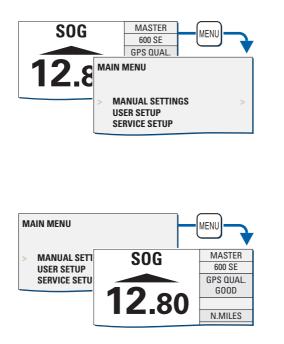
In most installations where the double-ended ferry mode is used, it will be automatically activated via a general take-over system which transfers control between the forward and aft steering positions.

Note

2.8 Operating Menu

The manual settings, user and service setup sub-menus are accessed through a multilevel operating menu.

Entering and Quitting the Menu Mode



From the normal operational mode, press **MENU** to enter the menu mode.

The Main Menu screen is displayed. The keys of the navigation keypad may now be used to navigate the menu, to select parameter settings and to edit parameter values.

From the main menu screen, press **MENU** to return to the normal operational mode.

The Main Menu screen is closed and the normal operational display reappears.



-6

Note

In the menu mode, the **MASTER** and the **DIM**-/**DIM**+ keys are disabled. Should an alarm condition occur while the menu mode is active, the audible alarm will sound, but the operator must return to normal operational mode to view the alarm message and acknowledge the alarm.

Navigating the Menu

In the menu mode, the operator may navigate through the menu using the **Right**, **Left**, **Up** and **Down** arrow keys.

MAIN > XXX		>	/ r t
(ENTER)	AIN MENU XXXXXXXX YYYYYYY	>	t F
	MAIN MENU XXXXXXXX YYYYYYYY > ZZZZZZZZ	>	r
	MAIN MENU XXXXXXXX > AAAAAAAA BBBBBBB CCCCCCCCC AAAAAAAA > BBBBBBBB CCCCCCCCC AAAAAAAA BBBBBBBB > CCCCCCCC AAAAAAAAA BBBBBBBB > CCCCCCCC	>	Thtc Vktt
	MAIN MENU XXXXXXXX YYYYYYYY > ZZZZZZZZ	>	F r r
)	AIN MENU XXXXXXXX YYYYYYY		A R a
MAIN > XXXX			 c a

Arrow symbols (>) to the right of the window indicate that a sub-menu exists for the respective option.

Press **ENTER** to enter a submenu.

The arrow symbol (>) at the left of the window indicates the cursor position on the current menu level.

With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, move to the cursor to the required sub-menu position.

Press the **Left** arrow key to return to the next higher menu level.

Alternatively, **MENU** may be pressed to jump as high up as possible from the current level. In most cases, this will quit the menu immediately and return to normal operational mode.

Selecting Parameter Settings

In a number of sub-menus, the operator is expected to select parameter settings from a list of available options.

The available options and the current selection are indicated by different symbols:

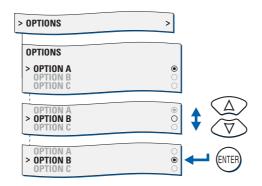
Radio buttons: Allow to select exactly one of the available options.

- : selected
- : deselected

Checkboxes: Allow to select or activate none, one or more of the available options.

- ⊠ : selected
- I : deselected

To select parameter settings in a sub-menu:



With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, move to the required option.

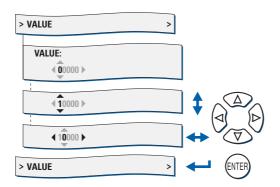
Press **ENTER** to confirm and store the selection.

MENU leaves the option submenu without changes.

Editing Parameter Values

In a number of sub-menus, parameters are set by editing a numerical value or an alphanumerical string.

To edit a parameter value in the respective sub-menu:



With the **Up/Down** arrow keys, edit the character at the current cursor position.

With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, move the cursor forward/back to edit the next/ previous character.

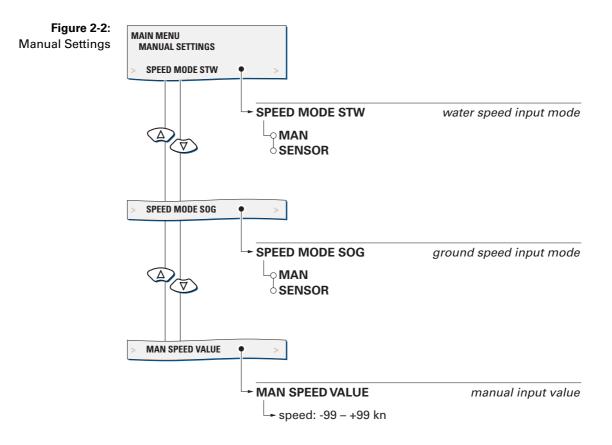
Press **ENTER** to confirm and store the new value.

MENU leaves the option submenu without changes.

2.9 Manual Settings Menu

The Manual Settings menu provides access to settings which the operator may need to alter more or less frequently during normal operation.

Manual Settings – Overview



Manual Settings – Parameters

Speed Mode STW

Selects the input mode for water speed data.

Settings: MAN

The actual speed value is entered manually. This setting may be activated only temporarily, to generate water speed output data in case of failure of the EM log sensor or for testing.

SENSOR

Speed data is read from the EM log sensor input. This setting must be active at all times during normal operation of the system.

Speed Mode SOG

Selects the input mode for ground speed data.

Settings: MAN

The actual ground speed value is entered manually. This setting may be activated only temporarily, to generate ground speed output data in case of failure of the satellite PCB or for testing. In the manual mode, only longitudinal ground speed data is generated; transverse ground speed is set to zero.

SENSOR

Ground speed data is read from the satellite PCB input. This setting must be active at all times during normal operation of the system.

Man. Speed Value

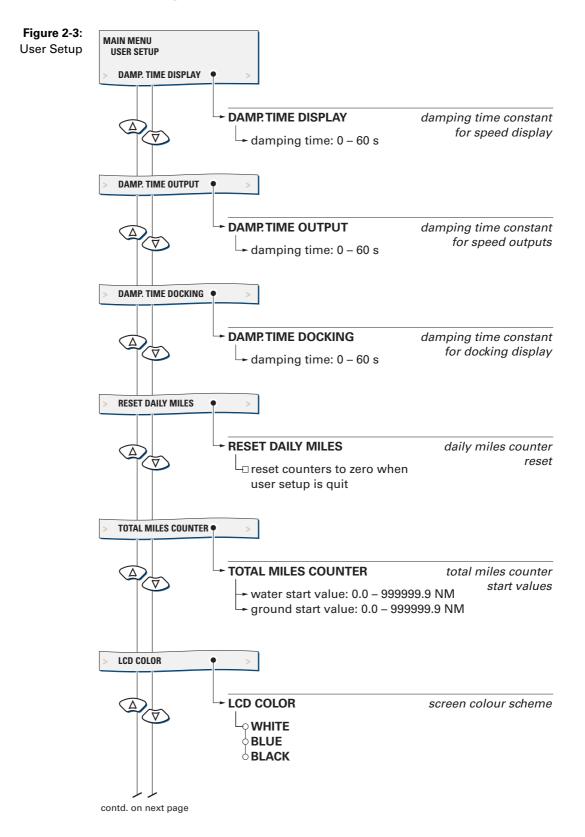
Sets the input value in the manual input modes.

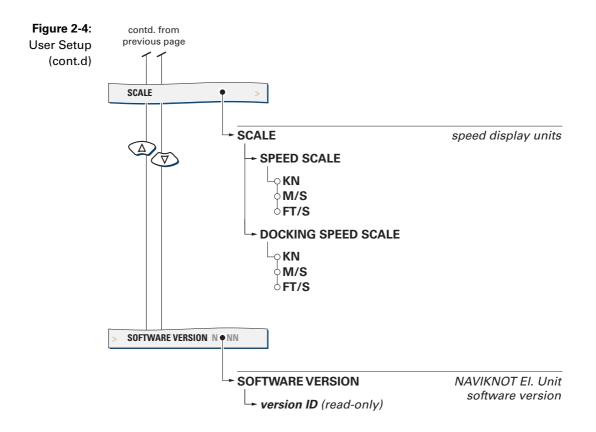
Value: -99.9 – 99.9 kn

2.10 User Setup

The User Setup menu provides access to settings which the operator may need to alter only occasionally.

User Setup – Overview





User Setup – Parameters

Damp. Time Display

Sets the damping time constant for the ground and water speed display.

The higher the time constant, the stronger sudden peaks of the actual speed will be damped in the ground and water speed display pages.

Value: 0 – 60 s

Damp. Time Output

Sets the damping time constant for the speed outputs.

The higher the time constant, the stronger sudden peaks of the actual speed output will be damped. The output damping time constant is effective for both the analogue as well as the serial data outputs.

Value: **0 – 60 s**

Damp. Time Docking

Sets the damping time constant for the docking display.

The higher the time constant, the stronger sudden peaks of the actual speed will be damped in the docking display page.

Value: **0 – 60 s**

Reset Daily Miles

Sets the reset flag for the daily miles counters.

If the reset flag is set, the daily miles counters are reset to zero as soon as the User Setup is quit.

Settings: **ON** (option checked) Reset daily miles counters when User Setup is quit

> **OFF** (option unchecked) Leave daily miles counters untouched

Total Miles Counter

Sets the total miles counters to desired start values.

Values: Water start value 0.0 – 999999.9 NM Ground start value 0.0 – 999999.9 NM

Note

The total miles counters may be set to any desired start value. A daily mile count may thus be larger than the corresponding total mile count if the daily counter is not reset after altering the total mile counter.

LCD Color

Selects the screen colour scheme for the normal operational display.

Settings: WHITE Speed display and mile counters use black lettering on a white background.

BLUE

Speed display and mile counters use white lettering on a blue background.

BLACK

Speed display and mile counters use white lettering on a black background.

Scale

Selects the unit of measure for the speed displays.

The respective settings act on the actual speed displays at the CDU only and have no further effect on the output data, mile counters etc.

Speed Scale

Unit of measure for the ground and water speed display pages

Settings:

Speed is displayed in knots.

M/S

KN

Speed is displayed in metres per second.

FT/S

Speed is displayed in feet per second.

Docking Speed Scale

Unit of measure for the docking display page

Settings: **KN** Speed is displayed in knots.

M/S

Speed is displayed in metres per second.

FT/S

Speed is displayed in feet per second.

Software Version

Displays the software version of the NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit.

Settings: none

The version ID is read-only.

Chapter 3: Alarm System

3.1 Alarm Indication

Audible Alarm Indication

Single Beep: Invalid Action



A single short beep indicates that the operator attempted to carry out an invalid action.

This is the case e.g. if the operator attempts to enter the menu mode from a remote unit.

Continuous Beeping: Pending Alarm



- Continuous on-off beeping indicates that a pending (unacknowledged) alarm is present.
- Simultaneously, the corresponding error code is shown in the sidebar.

Visual Alarm Indication

If an alarm is active and any other than the alarm page is currently selected as main display, an error code is shown in the sidebar which specifies the alarm at hand.

Active alarms have one of two possible states:





Pending (unacknowledged): The cause of the alarm is present and the operator has not yet acknowledged the alarm. The alarm display area background colour flashes red-white.

Acknowledged:

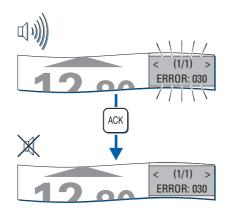
The operator has acknowledged the alarm but the cause of the alarm is still present.

The alarm display area background colour is solid red.

3.2 Acknowledging Alarms/Muting the Audible Alarm

Local Alarm Acknowledge

To acknowledge a pending alarm at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU:



Press ACK.

The audible alarm indication is muted.

If the system is connected to a central alarm facility and configured accordingly, the audible alarm indication at the central alarm facility will also be muted.

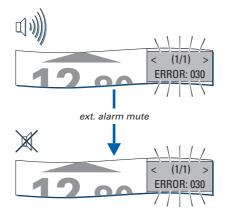
Note

- E

When an alarm has been acknowledged, the ext. alarm status output remains active until the cause of the alarm is eliminated. When the cause of an alarm is eliminated, the alarm is acknowledged automatically and the alarm status is cleared. The NAVIKNOT 600 SE does not keep a history of past (inactive) alarms.

External Alarm Mute

To mute the audible alarm externally (e.g. from a central alarm panel):



Actuate the external mute facility.

The audible alarm indication is muted.

The alarm state and visible indication are not affected, i.e. the alarm remains in the pending state until it is locally acknowledged at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU.

3.3 Viewing the active alarms

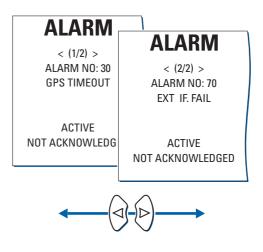
In all main display pages except the alarm page, the total number of active alarms and the error code of the newest alarm are shown in the sidebar.

If more than one alarm is active, the **Left** or **Right** arrow keys will scroll through the respective error codes.

To view the detailed error message for the currently active alarms, select the alarm page for the main display.

The active alarms' error codes and corresponding error message texts are displayed as well as the acknowledge status.

The Left or Right arrow keys scroll through the list of active alarms:





A

As long as any pending (unacknowledged) alarms are present, these will automatically be redisplayed when other messages have been viewed, until all alarms have been acknowledged by the operator.

Table 3-1:	code	message text	cause	corrective action
error messages	none	WAITING FOR MAIN UNIT (shown on startup screen)	Communcation between electron- ics unit and CDU(s) could not be estab- lished	Check operation of the electronics unit; Check cabling between CDU and electronics unit. If error persists, power down the system and call service.
		GPS receivers track less than five com-	Check that both antennas have a	
	002	SEL SRC INVALID	mon satellites	clear view of the sky; check cabling between antennas and satellite PCB
	003	NO VALID SRC	(errors 002 and 003 arise as GPS is the only hdg. source available for the satellite PCB)	
	030	GPS TIMEOUT	Communication lost between satel- lite and processing PCBs	Check internal cabling between satellite and processing PCBs; check that satellite PCB is operating (power is on and internal 100 Hz clock is generated).
	040	SENSOR1 ERROR	No valid data received from the preamplifier E	Check that the preamplifier is operating; check cabling between preamplifier and electronics unit; check cabling between sensor and preamplifier, check sensor for proper operation.
	070	EXT IF. FAIL	No valid data received at exter- nal input	Check that external source produces valid data; check cabling between external source and electronics unit.
	071	EXT HDT TIMEOUT	No valid external heading data received	Check that external source produces the required data and that it is not marked invalid.
	072	EXT ROT TIMEOUT	No valid external rate of turn data received	

3.4 Error Codes and Messages

code	message text	cause	corrective action
080	EXT DIM TIMEOUT	No valid com- mands received at serial dim input.	Check connection between dimming device and elec- tronics unit.
096	EU TIMEOUT	Communication lost between elec- tronics unit and CDU	Check basic opera- tion of the electron- ics unit (valid output generated at serial data / ana- logue outputs); check cabling between CDU and electronics unit.

Note



In case of an "EU timeout" error, dashes will appear in the speed and distance displays. The timeout will be shown as the only fault present, as the CDU receives no messages from the el. unit when communication is lost.

Chapter 4: Scheduled Maintenance

4.1 Maintenance by Shipboard Personnel

Electronics Unit, CDU and Antenna Unit

The electronic components of the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system are solidstate devices and contain no consumable parts. Therefore, no set maintenance schedule is required.

The satellite antenna unit should regularly be checked visually to detect any signs of mechanical damage or wear and to make sure it is still aligned correctly to the vessel's fore and aft axis.

The CDU front plate should be kept clean and the system's cables and connectors should regularly be checked visually to detect any signs of damage or deterioration.



The CDU front plate is made of clear polycarbonate. Do not clean the front plate with organic solvents, acetone or any other substance which could damage or discolor plastic. Use only water and soap or a mild detergent to clean the front plate.

EM-Log Sensor Maintenance

Depending on the type of EM-sensor installed, certain maintenance procedures are to be carried out at regular intervals, such as cleaning of the sensor head and lubrication/overhaul of the sea valve, if applicable.

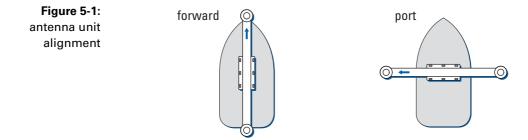
The recommended maintenance schedule and procedures are described in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the respective sensor. The following documents apply:

- Sensor NF: document no. 002829-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF I: document no. 004040-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF II: document no. 004120-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF III: document no. 004874-0125-001.

5.1 Mechanical Installation

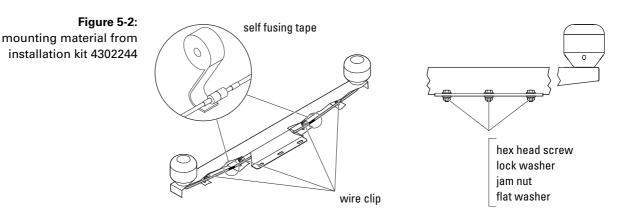
Antenna Unit

The antenna unit consists of a bow and stern GPS antenna mounted on a beam-shaped support. The arrow on the support must point either ahead or to the port side. The chosen orientation must be entered in the GPS setup menu during system configuration. Possible misalignment of up to $\pm 9.9^{\circ}$ may be electronically compensated for in the setup menu.



The location of the antenna must provide an unobstructed view of the sky. It should be clear of reflections from masts, out of the path of the radar beam, and out of the range of any object that may shadow or interfere with the reception of GPS signals.

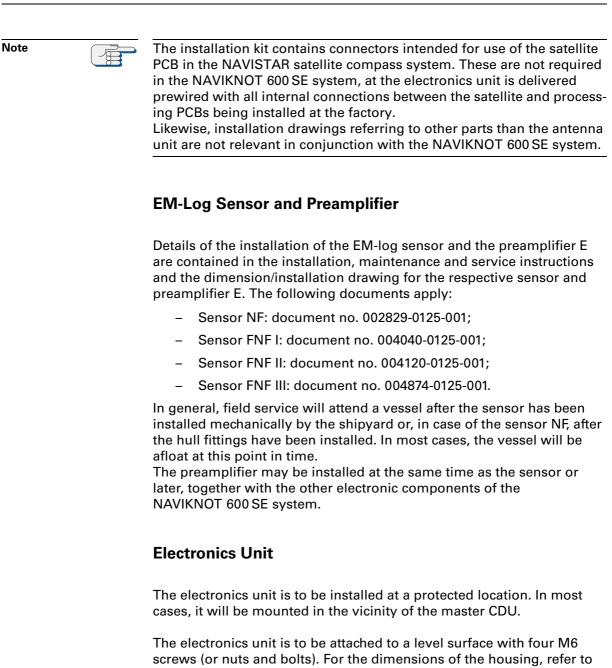
The antenna support may be mounted directly onto the mounting surface or on a pedestal. The required mounting material is contained in the installation kit 4302244, included with the antenna.



When installing the antenna unit, the cable assembly must be connected to the cables from the bow and stern antenna. After connecting the cables, secure them to the support with the wire clips and seal the cable connections with the self-fusing tape provided.

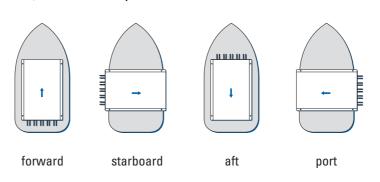


Do not shorten or lengthen the antenna cables. The antennas' output gain is matched to the cable length of 15 or 50 m respectively. Antenna unit 73513 may only be used with the 15 m cables supplied. Antenna unit 73514 may only be used with the 50 m cables supplied.



The electronics unit may be deck-mounted only and must face in either the forward, aft, port or starboard direction, relative to the vessel's foreand-aft line, to an accuracy within $\pm 5^{\circ}$.

Figure 5-3: electronics unit alignment drawing 5004-0112-01.



Control and Display Units

Console Mounting

3x1 CDU (main or remote)

To mount a NAVIKNOT 3x1 CDU directly in a console panel (without console frame), a panel cutout is required as shown in drawing 5002-0112-02 (see Appendix). Suitable fasteners for console mounting are provided in the installation kit 22596, included with the CDU.

A backward clearance of approx. 120 mm from the mounting surface is required for the connector cable and plug.

2x1 CDU (remote)

To mount a 2x1 CDU directly in a console panel (without console frame), a panel cutout is required as shown in drawing 5001-0112-02 (see Appendix). Suitable fasteners for console mounting are provided in the installation kit 22724, included with the CDU.

A backward clearance of approx. 100 mm from the mounting surface is required to protect the connector cable from being bent too strongly at the cable gland.

Console Frame Versions

When ordered factory-assembled in a console frame, the CDU is already fastened to the frame. The required cutouts for standard 3x1 and 2x1 frames are shown in drawings 0031-0112-02 and 0021-0112-02 respectively (see Appendix).

If a custom frame is delivered, installation-specific dimensional drawings for the frame and cutout will be provided with the equipment.

Units in Housing with Bracket

The CDUs in housing with bracket are shown in dimensional drawings 5002-0112-02 and 5003-0112-002 respectively (see Appendix). The mounting brackets carry four holes of 5.3 mm dia. for fixing the bracket to any plane surface, such as a console panel, wall or ceiling. The required fasteners are to be provided by the shipyard or installer.

Connector Cables

The NAVIKNOT CDU connector cables terminate into a 7-wire pigtail for direct connection to the terminals at the Electronics Unit or to separate terminal blocks.

If required, separate terminal block is to be provided by the shipyard or installer.

The installer must make sure that the ends of cable sheaths are firmly secured to the vessel structure with tie-wraps or other suitable means, so that the individual wires are free from tension at the terminals.

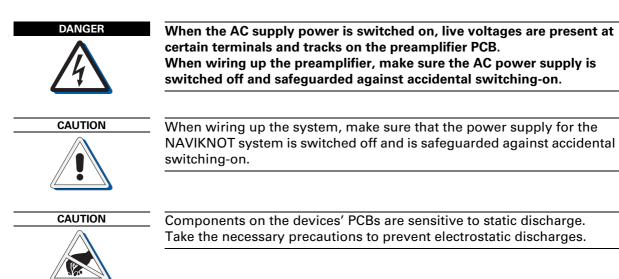
5.2 Electrical Installation

Preamplifier E, Type 2863, AC Power Configuration

The preamplifier is delivered prewired for connection to 230VAC. If the amplifier is required to operate on 115 VAC, it must be reconfigured accordingly.

Details of the AC power configuration are described in the applicable installation, maintenance and service instructions for the sensor.

Wiring Up the System



Wire up the system according to the connection diagrams and other relevant documents provided.

If installation-specific connection diagrams have been provided for a given system, these supersede any connection information contained in standard connection diagrams.

If wiring up according to standard connection diagrams, make sure beforehand that all data and signals to receive from or transmit to external equipment comply to the NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit interface specification, 5004-0120-001.

Configuring the CDU(s)

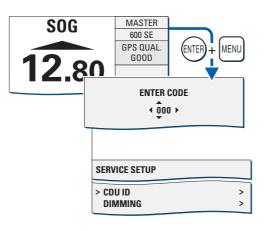
If one CDU is installed only, the unit requires no further configuration.

In case more than one CDU is installed, each CDU must be assigned a unique ID through its local Service Setup menu.

CDU Setup Access Code

To prevent inadvertent or unauthorized changes to the CDU configuration, the local setup menu is protected by an access codes

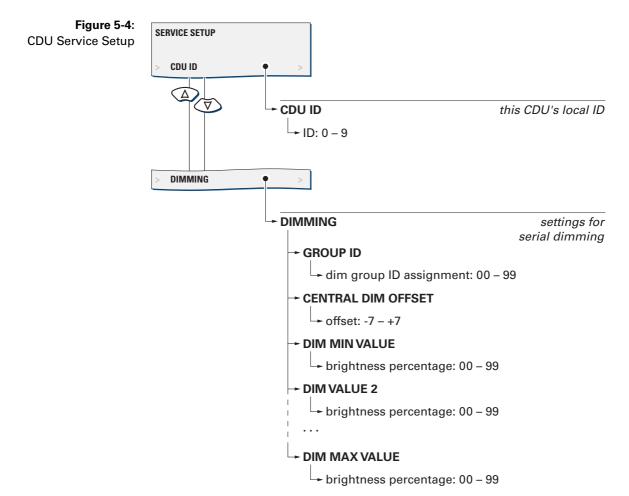
To access the local CDU Service Setup:



From the normal operational mode, simultaneously press **ENTER** and **MENU** to call up the CDU's local Service Setup menu mode.

When prompted for the setup code, enter code **600**.

The CDU's local Service Setup opens.



CDU Service Setup – Overview

CDU Service Setup – Parameters

CDU ID

Sets the CDU's local ID. The ID serves to identify the individual CDUs in systems where one or more remote CDUs are installed. The electronics unit uses the ID to keep track of which CDU is currently assigned master command.

Setting: 0 – 9
 Select an ID between "1" and "9" if more than one CDU is installed. A given ID may only be assigned to one CDU within the system.
 In a single-CDU system, select ID "0".

Dimming

Group ID

Assigns the CDU to a dim group. The ID setting is only effective if dimming commands are read from the proprietary NMEA sentence \$PPLAI.

Setting: **00 – 99** Select an ID between "01" and "09" to assign the CDU to the respective dim group. Selecting ID "00" lets the CDU accept any dim command received, regardless of group assignment.

Central Dim Offset

Sets a local offset for the brightness level.

Setting: -7 - +7

Select an offset as required to match the brightness of the CDU to that of other equipment controlled through the same dim command device.

Offsets below 0 decrease, offsets above 0 increase the CDU's overall brightness by the corresponding number of brightness levels. However, the offset will not alter the brightness beyond the min. and max levels respectively. The factory default for the offset is 0.

Dim Values (min. through max.)

Maps the ordered brightness setting as read from the serial dim command to the NAVIKNOT 600 SE's nine discrete brightness levels.

Settings: **00 – 99**

For each brightness level, set the smallest intensity order at which the level should be active. If the order received is smaller than the set value, brightness is reduced to the next lower level.

Configuring System Parameters

When the system has been wired up, all configuration parameters are to be set to the required values in the Service Setup in order to make the NAVIKNOT system fully functional. For a description of the Service Setup, refer to Chapter 6 (System Configuration).

Note

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As the first step in an initial system configuration, call up the Service Setup and the system type parameter to "NAVIKNOT 600 SE". Then, quit the setup menu and cycle the power to make sure that only those parameter settings and configuration options which apply to a NAVIKNOT 600 SE system are available through the Service Setup.

After the initial system configuration, note all settings in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system setup table (see Appendix). Send one copy of the filled-out table to Sperry Marine for inclusion in the ship's file.

The operating parameters in the User Setup and Manual Settings menus should also be set as required for normal operation within the given system.

Chapter 6: System Configuration

6.1 Service Setup Menu

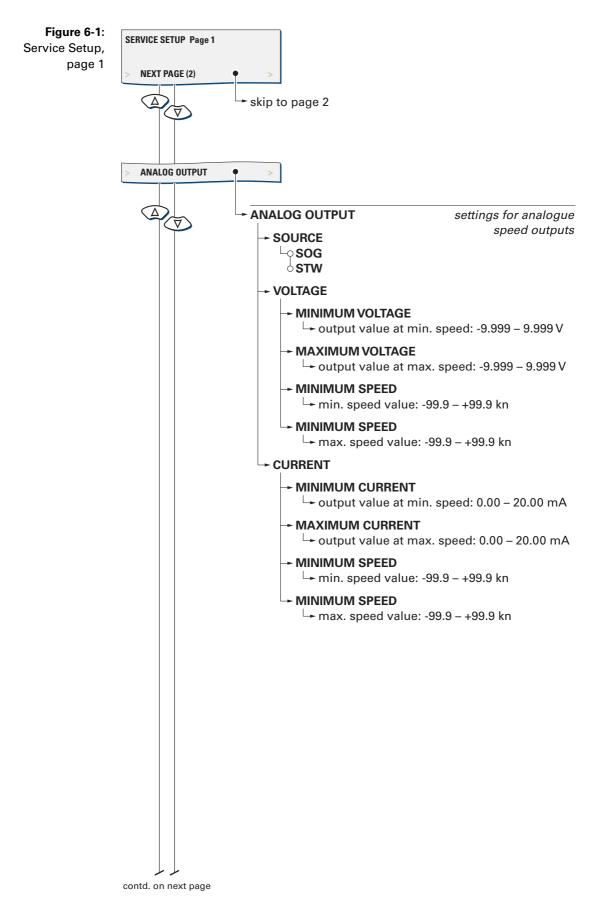
The Service Setup menu provides access to the system parameters which configure the NAVIKNOT 600 SE according to the requirements of the installation at hand.

Setup Access Code

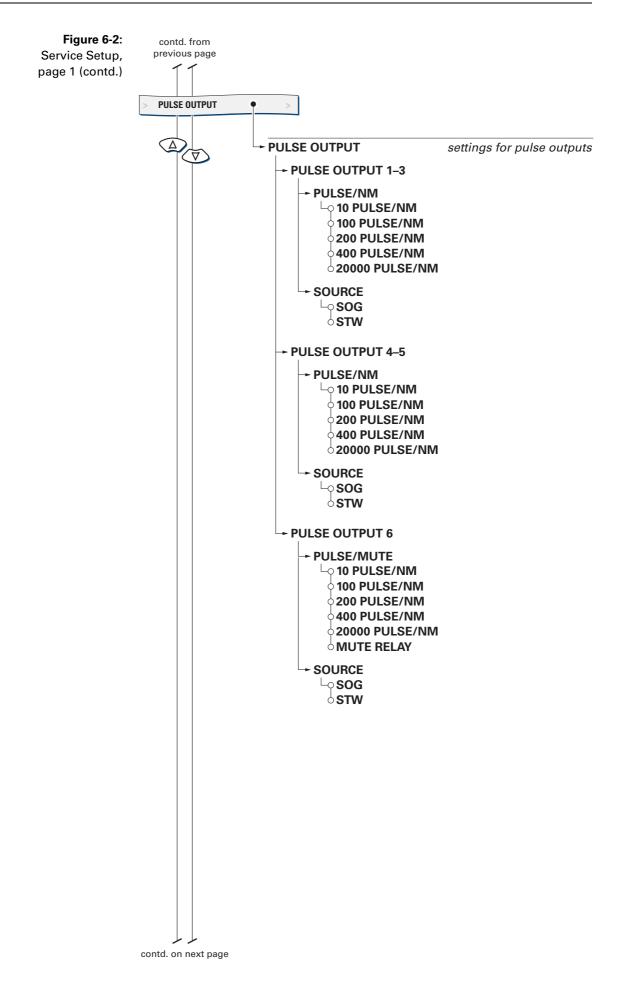
To prevent inadvertent or unauthorized changes to the system configuration, setup menus which are to be accessed by service personnel only are protected by access codes.

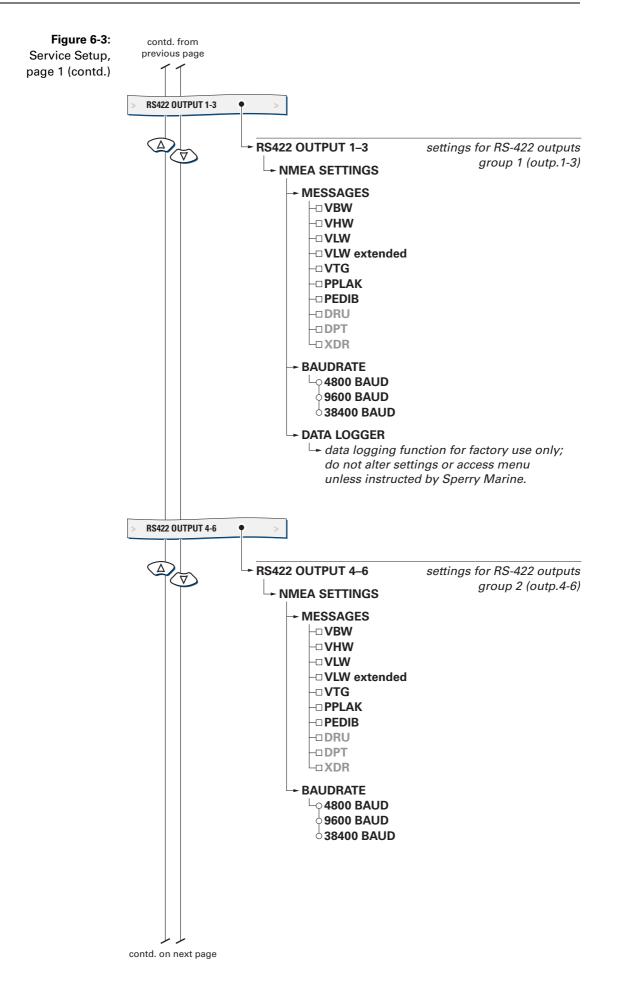
To access the Service Setup:

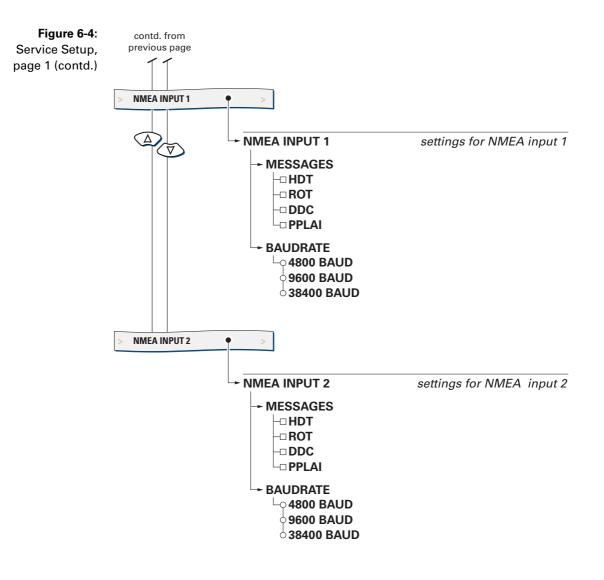
MAIN MENU	Call up the Main Menu.	
	Select the Service Setup.	
> SERVICE SETUP >	When prompted for the setup code, enter code 600 .	
ENTER CODE	Press ENTER to continue.	
< 000 >	Page 1 of the Service Setup opens.	
SERVICE SETUP Page 1		
> NEXT PAGE (2) > SYSTEM TYPE >		

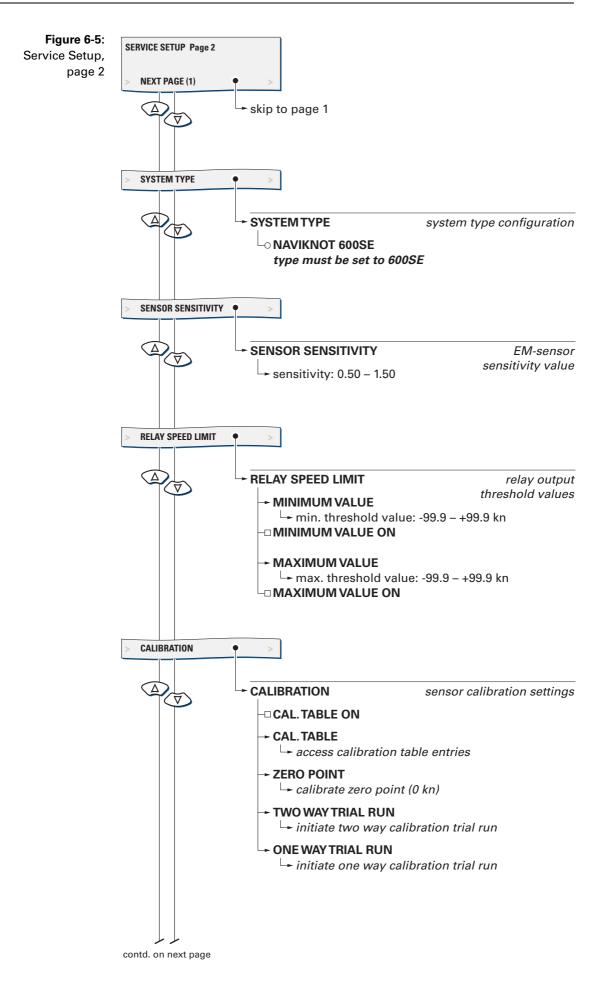


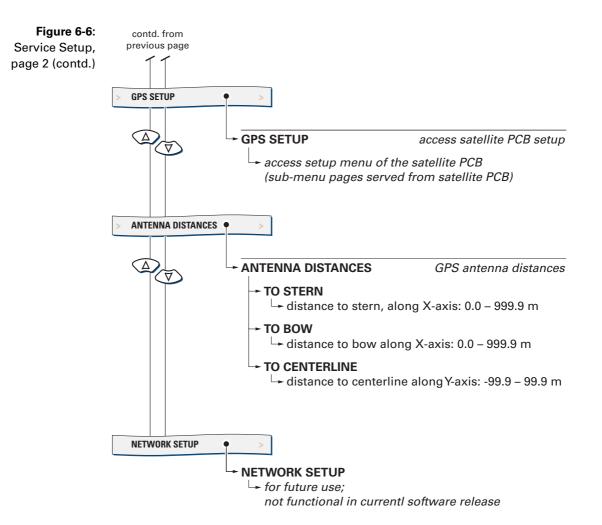
Service-Setup – Overview











Service Setup – Parameters

Analog Output

Configures the analogue speed outputs (voltage and current output).

Source

Selects the data source for the analogue outputs.

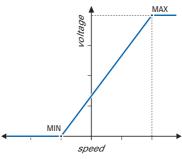
Setting:	SOG The outputs provide the actual speed over ground
	STW

The outputs provide the actual speed through the water

Voltage

Configures the analogue output voltage range.

The output voltage range is defined by two pairs of values: The minimum speed and associated minimum voltage determine the lower limit of the output range, while the maximum speed and associated maximum voltage define its upper limit.



At speeds equal to or below the minimum speed, the output delivers the minimum voltage; at speeds equal or above the maximum speed, the output delivers the maximum voltage.

Speeds in-between the minimum and maximum speed are linearly mapped to the corresponding output voltage.

The absolute limits of the output are -9.999 V min. and 9.999 V max.

Example:

Moving coil speed indicators are to be used which are scaled from -5 kn at zero deflection to +25 kn at a full-scale deflection of 10 VDC. The required settings are: min. voltage = 0.000 V; min. speed = -5 kn; max. voltage = 9.999 V; max. speed = +25 kn

Settings: Minimum Voltage value: -9.999 – 9.999 VDC

> Maximum Voltage value: -9.999– 9.999 VDC

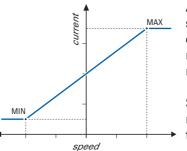
Minimum Speed value: -99.9 – +99.9 kn

Maximum Speed value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Current

Configures the analogue output current range.

The output current range is defined by two pairs of values: The minimum speed and associated minimum current determine the lower limit of the output range, while the maximum speed and associated maximum current define its upper limit.



At speeds equal to or below the minimum speed, the output delivers the minimum current; at speeds equal or above the maximum speed, the output delivers the maximum current.

Speeds in-between the minimum and maximum speed are linearly mapped to the corresponding output current.

The absolute limits of the output are 0.00 mA min. and 20.00 mA max.

Example:

The speed range of -25 to +25 kn is to be mapped to a 4 – 20 mA output. The required settings are:

min. current = 4.00 mA; min. speed = -25 kn; max. voltage = 20.00 mA; max. speed = +25 kn

Settings: Minimum Current value: 0.00 – 20.00 mA

> Maximum Current value: 0.00 – 20.00 mA

Minimum Speed value: -99.9 – +99.9 kn

Maximum Speed value: -99.9 – +99.9 kn

Pulse Output

Configures the pulse signal outputs.

The outputs are divided into three individually configurable groups. Each group may be configured to deliver 10, 100, 200, 400 or 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

The generated pulses possess a fixed "on" duty cycle of 100 ms for the 10, 100 or 200 pulse/NM setting, 50 ms for the 400 pulse/NM setting and 1 ms for the 20000 pulse/NM setting.

Group 3 (output 6) may alternatively be configured to generate an alarm mute signal. This signal, a 100 ms pulse, is used to mute the audible alarm indication at a central alarm facility when the respective alarm is acknowledged locally at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU.

Pulse Output 1–3

Configures group 1 of the pulse outputs (outputs 1 - 3).

Pulse/NM

Selects the output pulse frequency.

Setting: 10 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

100 Pulse/NM The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

200 Pulse/NM The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

400 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

Source

Selects the data source for pulse outputs 1 - 3.

Setting: SOG

The outputs provide the actual speed over ground

STW

The outputs provide the actual speed through the water

Pulse Output 4–5

Configures group 2 of the pulse outputs (outputs 4–5).

Pulse/NM

Selects the output pulse frequency.

Setting: **10 Pulse/NM** The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

> **100 Pulse/NM** The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

> **200 Pulse/NM** The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

> **400 Pulse/NM** The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

Source

Selects the data source for pulse outputs 4–5.

Setting: SOG

The outputs provide the actual speed over ground

STW

The outputs provide the actual speed through the water

Pulse Output 6

Configures group 3 of the pulse outputs (output 6).

Pulse / Mute

Selects the output pulse frequency or activates the alarm mute output function.

Setting: 10 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 10 pulses per nautical mile.

100 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 100 pulses per nautical mile.

200 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 200 pulses per nautical mile.

400 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 400 pulses per nautical mile.

20000 Pulse/NM

The output delivers 20000 pulses per nautical mile.

MUTE RELAY

When an alarm is acknowledged locally at the NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU, the output delivers a pulse to mute the audible alarm indication at a central alarm facility.

Source

Selects the data source for pulse output 6. In case the alarm mute function is active, this setting is not effective.

Setting: SOG

The output provides the actual ground speed

STW

The output provides the actual water speed

RS-422 Output 1-3

Configures group 1 of the RS-422 serial data outputs (outputs 1–3).

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to transmit.

If the NAVIKNOT 600 SE cannot provide valid data for an NMEA sentence field, a null field (empty field) is sent. Status fields for invalid or unknown data are marked invalid ("V"). Other sentences than those described below must not be activated for the NAVIKNOT 600 SE.

Settings: VBW

Longitudinal and transverse ground speed and speed status (valid/invalid) are transmitted using the \$--VBW sentence.

VLW / VLW extended

The distance travelled since last reset (daily miles) and total cumulative distance (total miles) are transmitted using the \$--VLW sentence. The "extended" form of the sentence includes trailing fields for ground distances as per IEC 61162-1/ Ed. 3. The non-extended form omits these fields.

VHW

Longitudinal water speed is transmitted using the \$--VHW sentence.

VTG

The vessel's speed over ground in the direction of its motion vector or "course over ground" is transmitted using the \$--VTG sentence.

PEDIB

All relevant data to operate an EMRI DIB10 docking information display in slave mode is transmitted using EMRI's proprietary \$PEDIB sentence.

PPLAK

Log status and operating mode information is transmitted using the proprietary \$PPLAK sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the transmit baudrate.

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is transmitted at 4800 Baud (standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is transmitted at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is transmitted at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

Data Logger

Puts the output into a special data logging mode. This option is intended for test purposes only and must never be activated during normal operation. If the logging mode is made active, the serial data outputs 1–3 do no longer provide regular NMEA data.

RS422 Output 4-6

Configures group 1 of the RS-422 serial data outputs (outputs 1–3).

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to transmit.

If the NAVIKNOT 600 SE cannot provide valid data for an NMEA sentence field, a null field (empty field) is sent. Status fields for invalid or unknown data are marked invalid ("V"). Other sentences than those described below must not be activated for the NAVIKNOT 600 SE.

Settings: VBW

Longitudinal and transverse ground speed and speed status (valid/invalid) are transmitted using the \$--VBW sentence.

VLW / VLW extended

The distance travelled since last reset (daily miles) and total cumulative distance (total miles) are transmitted using the \$--VLW sentence. The "extended" form of the sentence includes trailing fields for ground distances as per IEC 61162-1/ Ed. 3. The non-extended form omits these fields.

VHW

Longitudinal water speed is transmitted using the \$--VHW sentence.

VTG

The vessel's speed over ground in the direction of its motion vector or "course over ground" is transmitted using the \$--VTG sentence.

PEDIB

All relevant data to operate an EMRI DIB10 docking information display in slave mode is transmitted using EMRI's proprietary \$PEDIB sentence.

PPLAK

Log status and operating mode information is transmitted using the proprietary \$PPLAK sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the transmit baudrate.

Settings: 4800 Baud

Data is transmitted at 4800 Baud (standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is transmitted at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is transmitted at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

NMEA Input 1

Configures the NMEA input 1.

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to receive.

Settings: HDT

Enables the input to receive true heading data from the \$--HDT sentence.

Selecting this option lets the system ignore heading data from the satellite PCB in favour of the external data. HDT (true heading) may be read from any source which meets or exceeds the performance specifications of the satellite PCB's heading output. Using external heading from a gyrocompass will improve the accuracy at which the vessel's velocity over ground is resolved into the longitudinal and transverse ground speeds.

ROT

Enables the input to receive rate of turn data from the \$--ROT sentence.

Selecting this option lets the system ignore rate of turn data from the satellite PCB in favour of the external data. ROT (rate of turn) may be read from any source which meets or exceeds the performance specifications of the satellite PCB's rate outputs.

DDC

Dimming commands are read from the \$--DDC sentence.

PPLAI

Dimming commands are read from the proprietary \$PPLAI sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the receive baudrate

Settings: **4800 Baud** Data is received at 4800 Baud (standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is received at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is received at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

NMEA Input 2

Configures the NMEA input 2.

Messages

Selects the NMEA sentences to receive.

Settings: HDT

Enables the input to receive true heading data from the \$--HDT sentence.

Selecting this option lets the system ignore heading data from the satellite PCB in favour of the external data. HDT (true heading) may be read from any source which meets or exceeds the performance specifications of the satellite PCB's heading output. Using external heading from a gyrocompass will improve the accuracy at which the vessel's velocity over ground is resolved into the longitudinal and transverse ground speeds.

ROT

Enables the input to receive rate of turn data from the \$--ROT sentence.

Selecting this option lets the system ignore rate of turn data from the satellite PCB in favour of the external data. ROT (rate of turn) may be read from any source which meets or exceeds the performance specifications of the satellite PCB's rate outputs.

DDC

Dimming commands are read from the \$--DDC sentence.

PPLAI

Dimming commands are read from the proprietary \$PPLAI sentence.

Baudrate

Selects the receive baudrate

Settings: **4800 Baud** Data is received at 4800 Baud (standard according to NMEA / IEC 61162-1)

9600 Baud

Data is received at 9600 Baud (non-standard)

38400 Baud

Data is received at 38400 Baud (high-speed according to IEC 61162-2)

System Type

Configures the NAVIKNOT system type.

For the NAVIKNOT 600 SE, the type must be set to 600SE; all other options are to be ignored.

Settings: NAVIKNOT 600 SE

Sensor Sensitivity

Sets the sensitivity value for the EM-Log sensor.

This value is a characteristic property of the individual sensor installed. It is a dimensionless number indicating the ratio between a given sensor's return signal and the nominal standard signal of 180 μ VAC/kn .

The required setting is noted on a label attached to the sensor and is also recorded in the delivery documents for the sensor.

For a detailed explanation of the effect of the sensitivity setting, refer to chapter 7, "EM Sensor Calibration".

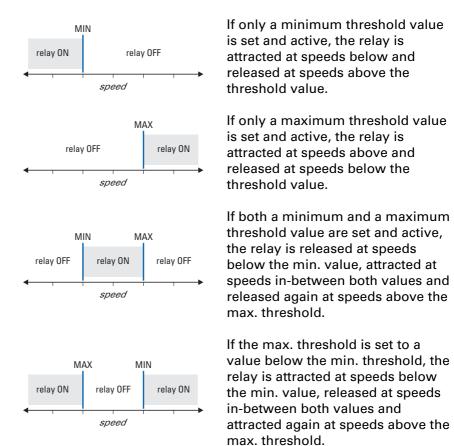
Value: 0.5 – 1.5

Relay Speed Limit

Sets the lower and/or upper switching thresholds for the speed limit relay output.

The speed limit relay output provides a status signal to external equipment, to indicate that the actual speed has exceeded or fallen below a set threshold. This signal may be e.g. for speed-dependent rudder angle limiting or similar applications.

The switching behaviour of the limit relay is determined by the combined settings of two values, the minimum (lower threshold) and the maximum (upper threshold) value:



If both threshold values are de-activated or set to exactly the same value, the limit relay function is disabled.

Minimum Value

Sets the lower switching threshold for the limit relay.

Value: -99.9 - +99.9 kn

Minimum Value ON

Activates or de-activates switching at the lower threshold

Settings: **ON** (option checked) Switching is active at the lower threshold

> **OFF** (option unchecked) Switching is inactive at the lower threshold

Maximum Value

Sets the upper switching threshold for the limit relay.

Value: -99.9 – +99.9 kn

Maximum Value ON

Activates ore de-activates switching at the upper threshold

Settings: **ON** (option checked) Switching is active at the upper threshold

> **OFF** (option unchecked) Switching is inactive at the upper threshold

Calibration

Turns sensor calibration on or off, edits the calibration table and accesses the calibration trial run menus.

Cal. Table On

Activates or de-activates the calibration table.

Settings: **ON** (option checked) Calibration is active. The NAVIKNOT 600 SE corrects the data received from the preamplifier according to the calibration table. The resulting calibrated speed is displayed and transmitted at the data outputs.

> **OFF** (option unchecked) Calibration is disabled. The NAVIKNOT 600 SE does not apply any corrections to the data received from the preamplifier. Raw speed only is displayed and transmitted at the data outputs. The indication "Uncal" is shown on the CDU display as a reminder that calibration is disabled.

Cal. Table

Edits the calibration table entries directly.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "EM Sensor Calibration", for a detailed description of the calibration and related procedures

Zero Point

Sets the calibration zero point (correction value at a true speed of 0 kn).

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "EM Sensor Calibration", for a detailed description of the calibration and related procedures

Two Way Trial Run

Accesses the sub-menu for conducting a two-way calibration trial run.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "EM Sensor Calibration", for a detailed description of the calibration and related procedures

One Way Trial Run

Accesses the sub-menu for conducting a one-way calibration trial run.

Settings: refer to chapter 7, "EM Sensor Calibration", for a detailed description of the calibration and related procedures

GSP Setup

Accesses the satellite PCB configuration menu

Settings: the GPS setup menu pages are directly served by the satellite PCB; refer to section 6.2, "GPS Setup", for a detailed description of the GPS setup menu.

Antenna Distances

Configures the geometrical parameters of the GPS antenna location.

These values are required to correctly calculate of the bow and stern transverse speeds shown in the docking display page.

To Stern

Sets the distance from the antenna to the stern

Settings: **0.0 - 999.9 m** Distance from antenna to stern; measured along the vessel's X-axis, i. e. parallel to the centerline

To Bow

Sets the distance from the antenna to the stern

Settings: **0.0 - 999.9 m** Distance from antenna to bow; measured along the vessel's X-axis, i. e. parallel to the centerline

To Centerline

Sets the distance from the antenna to the centerline

Settings: -99.9 – +99.9 m Distance from antenna to centerline (Y-offset); measured along the vessel's Y-axis, i. e. perpendicular to the centerline; negative values indicate offset to port

Network Setup

This option is reserved for future applications. Settings are not relevant and have no effect in the current software release.

6.2 GPS Setup

To make the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system fully functional after the mechanical and electrical installation, the available heading sources, the orientations of the antenna and electronics units and the required alignment correction for the antenna unit must be configured by accessing the GPS setup from the Service Setup menu.

When "GPS Setup" is selected from the Service Setup menu pages, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit acts as a gateway to the satellite PCB's own configuration and setup menu. The GPS setup pages are directly served by the satellite PCB. The indication "external" is shown at the top of the respective pages.

The appearance of the GPS setup pages and the operation of the menu differs slightly from other pages of the NAVIKNOT 600 SE setup.



Note

Some of the available GPS configuration options do not apply to the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system. These must be left at the factory default settings as noted in the GPS setup descriptions below.

GPS Setup Operation

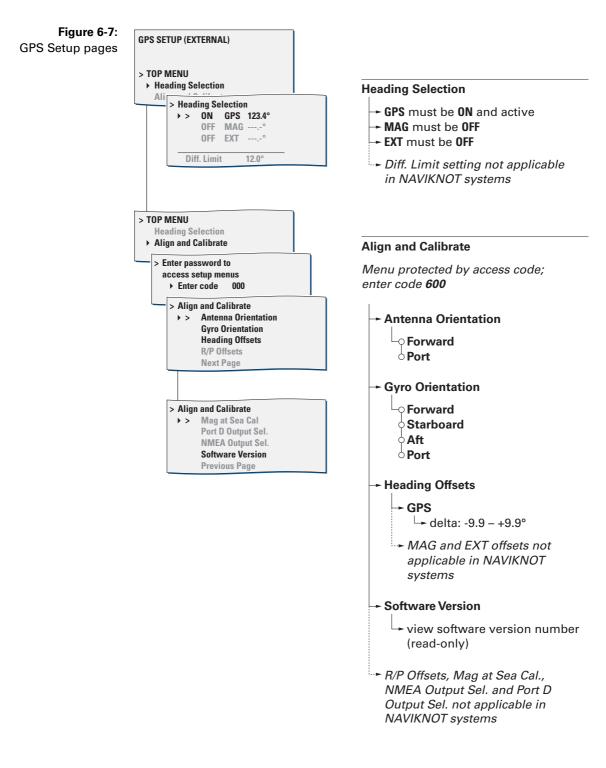
- (solid arrow): Indicates the current cursor position on the screen (equivalent to angle bracket symbol in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE setup).
- > (angle bracket): Indicates the currently active selection in case of mutually exclusive options (equivalent to radio buttons in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE setup).
- **0N/OFF:** Indicates the currently active selection in case of independent options (equivalent to checkboxes in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE setup).
- **Right**, **Left**, **Up**, and **Down** arrow keys: Move the cursor position within the GPS setup pages.

The **Up** and **Down** keys also edit numerical values; the **Right** key also returns to next higher menu level when cursor is at leftmost position on the page.

ENTER key: Enters sub-menus, confirms numerical entries and selects or de-selects settings (on /off toggle).



To enter numerical values or toggle settings on/off, the cursor must be positioned vertically and horizontally with the arrow keys to the respective point of entry.



GPS Setup – Overview

GPS Setup – Parameters

Heading Selection

Configures the heading sources available to the satellite PCB. The currently active source provides the heading sent from the satellite PCB to the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit.

Only the GPS source may be made active, i.e. the satellite PCB must always determine the vessel's heading internally from the two GPS receivers' signals.

The MAG and EXT source options are not applicable in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system.

Settings: GPS

The GPS source must be enabled, i.e. set to **ON** at all times.

The GPS source will be activated automatically, if no other source is enabled.

MAG

The MAG source must be disabled, i.e. set to **OFF** at all times.

EXT

The EXT source must be disabled, i.e. set to OFF at all times.

Align and Calibrate

Sets the mounting orientation and alignment correction values for the satellite PCB and the antenna unit respectively.

Access Code

The access to the Align and Calibrate menu pages is code-protected. To access the Align and Calibrate sub-menu, enter code **600**.

Antenna Orientation

Configures the orientation of antenna assembly, relative to the vessel's fore-and-aft line.

Settings: Forward

The arrow symbol on the antenna support beam points towards the bow.

Port

The arrow symbol on the antenna support beam points towards the port side.

Gyro Orientation

Configures the orientation of the rate gyro assembly on the satellite PCB, relative to the vessel's fore-and-aft line.

Settings: Forward

The arrow symbol on the electronics unit's cover points towards the bow.

Starboard

The arrow symbol on the electronics unit's cover points towards the starboard side.

Aft

The arrow symbol on the electronics unit's cover points towards the stern.

Port

The arrow symbol on the electronics unit's cover points towards the port side.

In all cases, the electronics unit must be mounted such that it is aligned with the respective direction to within $\pm 5^{\circ}$.

Heading Offsets

Sets the correction values ("deltas") to compensate for existing offsets of the heading sources relative to the vessel's fore-and-aft line.

As only the GPS source is used within the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system, a delta value must be entered for the GPS source only. This compensates for misalignment of the GPS antenna support with the vessel's fore-and-aft line

Settings: GPS

delta (correction value): -9.9 - +9.9°

Determine the existing misalignment by comparing the GPS heading as shown on the setup page with the true heading from the vessel's heading reference (e.g. the gyrocompass).

Enter the required delta to match the GPS heading with the heading reference. The correction is effective immediately, so that the GPS heading displayed on screen should now exactly match with the reference.

MAG

Not applicable in NAVIKNOT systems; do not alter the factory default setting (delta = 0.0°).

EXT

Not applicable in NAVIKNOT systems; do not alter the factory default setting (delta = 0.0°).

R/P Offsets

Sets the correction values for misalignment of the PCB with the roll and pitch axes.

As roll and pitch angles from the satellite PCB are not evaluated in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system, the R/P offsets are not applicable. Do not alter the factory default settings (roll and pitch delta = 0.0°)

Mag at Sea Cal.

Calibrates the magnetic heading sensor on the satellite PCB.

The magnetic heading sensor contained on the satellite PCB is not suitable for use within the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system. Therefore it must not be calibrated.

Do not carry out the Mag. at Sea Cal. procedure. Leaving the sensor in the uncalibrated state will prevent it from being activated by accident.

Port D Output Sel.

Configures the data output port D on the satellite PCB.

The satellite PCB's outputs to external equipment are not used in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system. Do not alter the factory default setting (port D output = NMEA)

NMEA Output Sel.

Configures the NMEA heading data output sentence at ports C, D and H on the satellite PCB.

The satellite PCB's outputs to external equipment are not used in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system. Do not alter the factory default setting (all ports set to HDT)

Version Number

Displays the version number of the satellite PCB software.

Settings: none

the version number page is read-only.

Chapter 7: EM Sensor Calibration

Once the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system has been installed and the basic configuration carried out, the EM sensor must be calibrated to make sure that the system's water speed and distance outputs meet the specified accuracy.

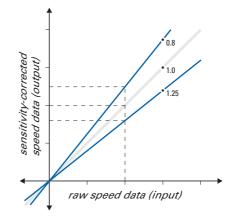
7.1 Sensor Sensitivity Setting

Upon installation or exchange of the EM sensor, the sensor's sensitivity value must be stored in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit.

Sensitivity is a characteristic property of the individual sensor installed and is noted on a label attached to the sensor. It is also recorded in the delivery documents for the given sensor.

The sensitivity value is a dimensionless number for the ratio between the sensor's return signal and the nominal standard of 180 μ VAC/kn. Typical values for EM sensors range from 0.7 to 1.14.

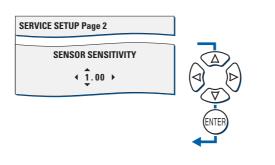
Figure 7-1: effect of the sensor sensitivity



Note

When checking the effect of the sensitivity setting, bear in mind that the value does not equal the gain applied but, rather, its reciprocal. Thus, for example, a sensitivity value of 0.8 multiplies the raw speed by 1.25, while a value of 1.25 multiplies it by 0.8.

To set the sensitivity value:



- Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Sensor Sensitivity submenu.
- 2. With the **Up/Down** and **Right/Left** keys, set the sensitivity as required.
- 3. press **ENTER** to store the value and exit the submenu.

7.2 Sensor Calibration

To minimize the deviation between the vessel's actual water speed and the speed displayed and transmitted, the NAVIKNOT 600 SE stores sensor-specific calibration data in a so-called calibration table.

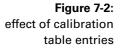
The calibration table holds up to 21 entries, so-called calibration points, each of which consist of an uncalibrated and a corresponding true water speed value. The entries holding the lowest and highest uncalibrated speed value determine the range over which calibration is effective.

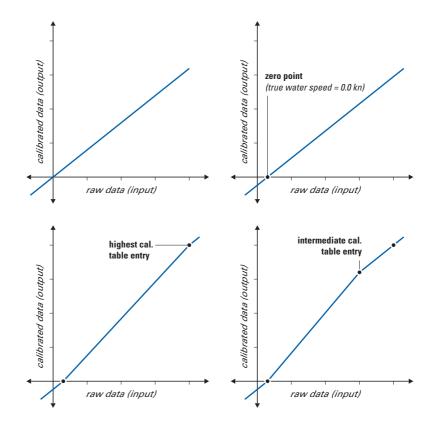
Note



To calibrate speeds astern, at least one calibration point with a negative uncalibrated speed value must be stored. Otherwise, calibration is effective for speeds ahead only.

The effects of setting calibration points (i.e. adding entries to the calibration table) at different states of calibration are illustrated below.





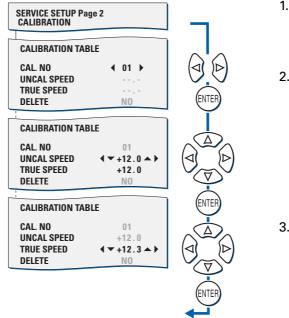
 calibration table empty: linear sensor characteristic assumed; display and output = 0.0 kn at raw sensor data value of 0.0 kn

- 2 zero point calibrated linear sensor curve is offset by zero point calibration value
- one additional point calibrated (highest table entry) calibration points joined by straight line (linear interpolation)
- additional intermediate points calibrated calibrated range is split into linear segments of different slope

Editing the Calibration Table Directly

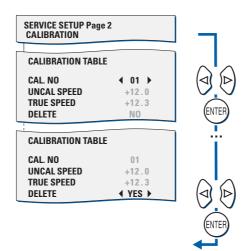
To add, edit or delete calibration points directly, go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | Cal.Table sub-menu. The data stored at calibration point no. 00 is shown (dashes will appear if the table is empty).

To add or edit a calibration point:



- With the Right/Left keys, select the calibration point to add or edit. Press ENTER to continue.
- With the Up/Down keys (knots) and the Right/Left keys (tenths of knots), set the uncalibrated speed to the required value. The true speed indication is altered by the same amount. Press ENTER to continue.
- 3. With the **Up/Down** keys and the **Right/Left** keys, now alter the true speed indication as required. The uncalibrated speed value is not altered. Press **ENTER** to store the edited data.
- 4. Press **ENTER** again to continue editing or **MENU** to quit the Cal.Table sub-menu.

To delete a calibration point:



- 5. With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, select the calibration point to delete.
- 6. With ENTER, go down to the "delete" option, press the **Right** or Left key to select "yes", then press ENTER to delete the calibration point.
- 7. Select another calibration point to delete or press **MENU** to quit the Cal.Table sub-menu.

Note

Upon quitting the Cal. Table sub menu, the entries are sorted and renumbered according to their uncalibrated speed values. Point 00 always holds the entry with the smallest uncalibrated speed value.

-6

Zero Point Calibration

Before any entries for non-zero speeds are stored in the calibration table or calibration trial runs are conducted, the zero point calibration should be carried out.

The "zero point" refers to the calibration table entry which holds the uncalibrated ("raw") speed value corresponding to a true water speed of zero knots. Two methods are available to calibrate the zero point: manual and auto.



Both th

Both the manual and the automatic zero point calibration require that the vessel is stationary.

Manual Entry

The manual entry method permits zero point calibration in waters which are not free of current. However, the longitudinal component of the current must be known and it must be small enough to regard the sensor as operating near zero speed.

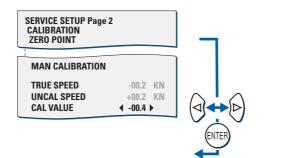
To carry out the manual zero-point calibration:

1. Go to page 2 of the Service Setup; select the Calibration | Zero Point | Man Calibration sub-menu.

Three values are shown, the true speed, the uncalibrated speed and the calibration value (i.e. the difference of the two speeds). The uncalibrated speed is the raw speed value as currently received from the EM sensor (not editable).

The objective of the calibration is now to alter the calibration value until the displayed true speed value matches the known actual water speed.

Thus, in waters free of current, the displayed true speed value must be brought to zero; in the presence of current, the true speed value must be made equal to the known longitudinal component of the current.



- 2. With the **Right/Left** arrow keys, alter the calibration value until the displayed true speed exactly matches the known actual water speed.
- 3. Press **ENTER** to confirm the setting and leave the manual calibration submenu.

Note



When the manual entry is stored, the true speed entered is automatically subtracted from both the uncalibrated and true speed values. Thus, the entry written to the table will always contain the uncalibrated value corresponding to a true speed of zero knots.

Automatic Entry

With the automatic entry method, the required zero point setting is determined automatically. Automatic entry may only be used when the vessel is stationary in waters free of current, i.e., if the actual water speed is known to be zero.

To carry out the automatic zero-point calibration:

 Go to page 2 of the Service Setup; select the Calibration | Zero Point | Auto Calibration sub-menu.

As with the manual entry method, the true speed, the uncalibrated speed and the calibration value are shown.

However, the true speed value is fixed to zero knots and cannot be adjusted by the operator. The uncalibrated speed is the raw speed value as currently received from the EM sensor, thus the calibration value will be equal to the uncalibrated speed with the sign reversed.

SERVICE SETUP Page 2 CALIBRATION ZERO POINT		
MAN CALIBRATION		
TRUE SPEED	+00.0	KN
UNCAL SPEED	+00.2	KN
CAL VALUE	-00.2	

2. Press **ENTER** to confirm the setting and leave the auto calibration submenu.

Calibration by Trial Runs

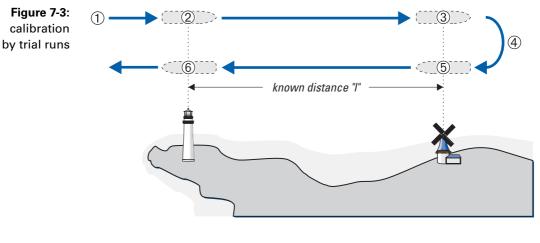
Calibration by trial runs is the recommended method to calibrate the EM-sensor in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE. system. The procedure resembles the familiar "milepost run", but permits any known distance to be taken as the length of a run.

The known distance may be given by the distance between sidebearings to prominent landmarks. The regular procedure in this case is to start and stop the run clock exactly at the points in time when the landmarks are sighted athwartships.

However, as the NAVIKNOT 600 SE obtains the vessel's current position from the sattelite PCB, it is equally acceptable to start the run clock at a given point in time and to stop it as soon as a distance of at least one mile has been traversed.

Generally, for each correction value to be determined, a two way trial run should be carried out, i.e. the same known distance "I" should be traversed in opposite directions (runs A and B). This will make the effects of drift due to wind and current cancel out each other automatically. Only when no wind and current are present, a one way trial run may be carried out.

The first two or one way trial run should be carried out at maximum sea speed, to define the upper limit of the calibrated range. Additional trial runs may be carried out later at lower speeds to improve the accuracy within the calibrated range.



- ① approach to run A or one-way run
- 2 start of run A or one-way run
- ③ end of run A or one-way run
- ④ approach to run B
- 5 start of run B
- 6 end of run B

Æ

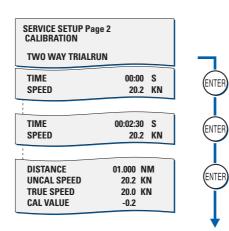
Two Way Trial Run



During a two way trial run, the vessel's heading during runs A and B should ideally be parallel to the direction of the effective drift, as the drift component perpendicular to the heading cannot be compensated for.

To carry out a two way trial run:

- 1. Bring the vessel on the required course for the approach to run A.
- 2. Approach the run with the speed (engine rev.s) at which the calibration is to be carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.
- Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | Two Way Trial Run sub-menu.
 The run clock is shown, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the EM sensor.



- 4. Exactly at the start of run A, press **ENTER** to start the run clock.
- 5. Exactly at the end of run A, press **ENTER** to stop the run clock.

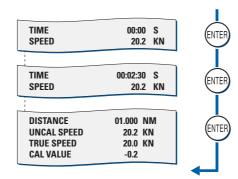
The display now indicates the run distance, the average uncalibrated speed for the run, the true speed over ground (calculated from the run time and distance) and the calculated calibration value.

6. Press ENTER to store the run parameters.

The run clock is shown again, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the EM sensor.

7. Turn the vessel around and bring it on the required course for the approach to run B. This is the exact reverse of the course maintained during run A.

Approach the run with the same speed (engine rev.s) at which run A was carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.



- 8. Exactly at the start of run B, press **ENTER** to start the run clock.
- 9. Exactly at the end of run B, press **ENTER** to stop the run clock.

The display again indicates the run distance, the average uncalibrated speed, the true speed over ground and the calculated calibration value.

10. Press ENTER to store the run parameters.

The Two Way Trial Run sub-menu is quit automatically.

As the result of the two way trial run, one new entry will now be found in the calibration table.

The uncalibrated speed stored at this entry is the average of the two averaged uncalibrated speeds from run A and run B.

The true speed stored at this entry is the average of the two true speeds calculated for run A and run B.

Æ

One Way Trial Run

Note

In a one way trial run, any drift due to wind and/or current will adversely affect the calibration. Conducting a one way trial run in the presence of drift, may degrade instead of improve the speed accuracy.

To carry out a one way trial run:

- 1. Bring the vessel on the required course for the approach to the run.
- 2. Approach the run with the speed (engine rev.s) at which the calibration is to be carried out. Keep the heading and speed steady.
- Go to page 2 of the Service Setup and select the Calibration | One Way Trial Run sub-menu.
 The run clock is shown, indicating 00:00 s run time and the uncalibrated water speed as received from the EM sensor.
- SERVICE SETUP Page 2 CALIBRATION **ONE WAY TRIALRUN** TIME 00:00 S SPEED 20.2 KN TIME 00:02:30 S 20.2 KN SPEED DISTANCE 01.000 NM UNCAL SPEED 20.2 KN TRUE SPEED 20.0 KN CAL VALUE -0.2
- 4. Exactly at the start of the run, press **ENTER** to start the run clock.
- 5. Exactly at the end of the run, press **ENTER** to stop the run clock.

The display now indicates the run distance, the average uncalibrated speed for the run, the true speed over ground (calculated from the run time and distance) and the calculated calibration value.

6. Press **ENTER** to store the run parameters.

The One Way Trial Run sub-menu is quit automatically.

As the result of the trial run, one new entry will now be found in the calibration table, holding the average uncalibrated speed and the calculated true speed for the run.

Chapter 8: Troubleshooting

8.1 Electronics Unit and CDU(s)

The NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit and the CDU are complex electronic devices. In case of malfunction, it would neither be practical nor economical to carry out troubleshooting and servicing in the field down to the level of individual circuit components.

Unless instructed otherwise by Sperry Marine engineering, field service personnel should limit troubleshooting to the basic checks given below.

- For the electronics unit:
 - Visual inspection of mechanical components, the processor and satellite PCBs and wiring.
 - Continuity checks of wiring connections.
 - Checks for short circuit or overload conditions or reversed polarity of the external supply powers.
 - Checks of the on-board supply voltages and I/O signals and data. The presence of voltages, signals and data is indicated by diagnostic LEDs on the PCB.
 Exact voltage levels must be checked with a voltmeter.
 - The data content on serial I/O lines must be checked with the aid of suitable analyzing tools, such as PC-based protocol interpreters or terminal programs.

When components on the processor PCB, other than socketed ICs or the exchangeable system software flashboard, are assumed to cause malfunction, the complete PCB, Stock No. 20692, is to be exchanged.

When malfunction of the satellite PCB is assumed, the complete PCB, Stock No. 20711 is to be exchanged.

If malfunction of the electronics unit cannot be tracked down to one of the PCBs, the electronics unit as a whole is to be exchanged.

- For the CDU(s):
 - Visual inspection of mechanical components and wiring.
 - Continuity checks of wiring connections at the terminals or terminal block to which the 6-wire CDU connection cable is fastened.
 - Checks for the presence and correct polarity of the external supply power.

The CDU is not field-serviceable and should not be opened for troubleshooting purposes. Defective CDUs must be sent back to Sperry Marine for repair.

Location of Parts on the Processor PCB

Figure 8-1 below shows the locations of exchangeable components, connectors and diagnostic LED indicators of the processor PCB in the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit.

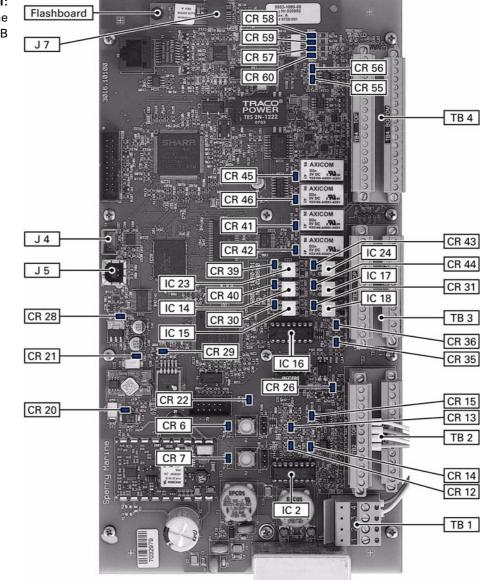


Figure 8-1: location of parts on the processor PCB

Table 8-1: Exchangeable	Part	Function	Stock No.
components on the processor PCB	Flash- board	Flahsboard (flash-memory card), pre-programmed with system software	020705-0000-000
	IC 2	quad RS-422 output driver IC; drives serial data RS-422 outputs 1 to 3	046485-0000-000
	IC 14	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 1 contact closure	042842-0000-000
	IC 15	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 2 contact closure	042842-0000-000
	IC 16	quad RS-422 output driver IC; drives serial data RS-422 outputs 4 to 6	046485-0000-000
	IC 17	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 3 contact closure	042842-0000-000
	IC 18	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 4 contact closure	042842-0000-000
	IC 23	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 5 contact closure	042842-0000-000
	IC 24	photocoupler/photo relay; pulse output 6 contact closure	042842-0000-000

Exchangeable Components, Processor PCB

Terminal Boards and Connectors, Processor PCB

Table 8-2: ninal boards and onnectors on the processor PCB		Function
	TB 1	24 VDC supply power in/out
	TB 2	speed sensor interfaces, CDU interfaces
	TB 3	serial data and pulse outputs
	TB 4	analogue outputs, status in-/outputs, ext. data inputs
	J 4	RS-232 service interface connector
	J 5	USB programming connector (for factory use only)
	J 7	Socket for exchangeable system software flashboard

Term со

Diagnostic LEDs, Processor PCB

As an aid in troubleshooting, a number of diagnostic LED indicators are provided on the processor PCB. These indicate the presence of supply voltages, activities on the serial data I/O lines and the current states of the status I/O ports.

Table 8-3: nostic LEDs	LED	Colour	Indication
	CR 6	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
	CR 7	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
	CR 12	green	activity on Tx line, satellite PCB, TB 2.5/2.6
	CR 13	green	activity on Tx line, CDUs, TB 2.15/2.16, 2.19/2.20
	CR 14	green	activity on Rx line, CDUs, TB 2.13/2.14, 2.17/2.18
	CR 15	green	activity on Rx line, satellite PCB, TB 2.7/2.8
	CR 20	green	internal +12 VDC supply power present
	CR 21	green	internal +5 VDC supply power present
	CR 22	red	CPU status indicator, normally off, flashes at boot-up
	CR 28	green	internal +3.3 VDC supply power present (Vcc)
	CR 29	green	internal +1.2 VDC reference present
	CR 30	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 2, TB 3.15/3.16
	CR 31	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 1, TB 3.13/3.14
	CR 35	green	activity on Tx line, serial data outputs group 1, TB 3.1/3.2, 3.3/3.4, 3.5/3.6
	CR 36	green	activity on Tx line, serial data outputs group 2, TB 3.7/3.8, 3.9/3.10, 3.11/3.12
	CR 39	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 6, TB 3.23/3.24
	CR 40	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 4, TB 3.19/3.20
	CR 41	green	relay output active, log failure alarm, TB 4.19/4.20
	CR 42	green	relay output active, power failure alarm, TB 4.17/4.18
	CR 43	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 5, TB 3.21/3.22
	CR 44	green	pulse relay output active, outp. 3, TB 3.17/3.18
	CR 45	green	relay output active, watch alarm trigger, TB 4.23/4.24
	CR 46	green	relay output active, speed limit, TB 4.21/4.22
	CR 55	green	activity on Rx line, serial dim input, TB 4.28/4.29
	CR 57	green	status input active, double ended ferry, TB 4.11/4.12
	CR 58	green	status input active, ext. dim+, TB 4.15/4.16
	CR 59	green	status input active, ext. dim-, TB 4.13/4.14
	CR 60	green	status input active, ext. alarm mute, TB 4.9/4.10

Table 8-3: Diagn

Location of Parts on the Satellite PCB

Figure 8-2 below shows the locations of relevant connectors, diagnostic LED indicators and the power switch of the satellite PCB inside the NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit.

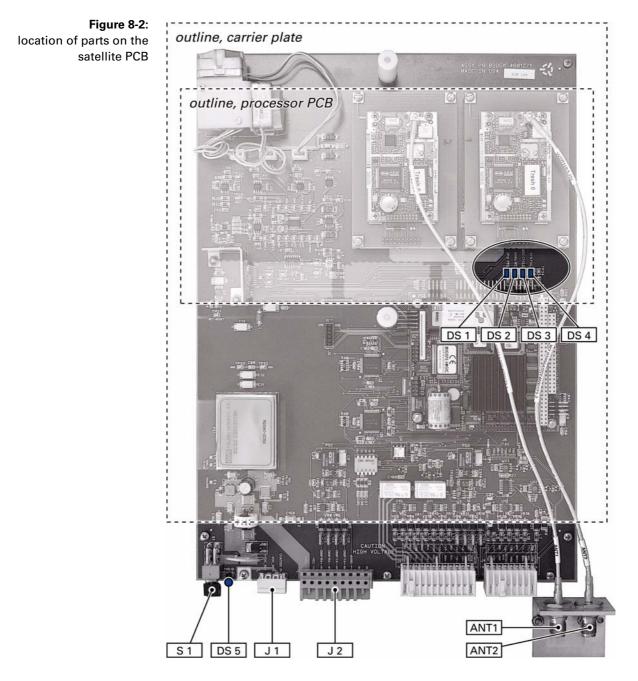


Table 8-4: Connnectors and		Function	
power switch on the satellite PCB	J 1	24 VDC supply power in from processor PCB; factory prewired:	
		satellite PCB processor PCB	
		J 1.1 – TB 1.3 J 1.2 – TB 1.4	
	J 2	serial data receive and transmit lines to/from processor PCB; factory prewired:	
		satellite PCB processor PCB	
		J 2.3 – TB 2.5	
		J 2.4 – TB 2.6	
		J 2.5 – TB 2.8	
		J 2.6 – TB 2.7	
	ANT1	antenna connector, antenna 1 (bow or port)	
	ANT1	antenna connector, antenna 2 (stern or starboard)	
	S 1	power switch; must be switched on at all times	

Connectors and Power Switch, Satellite PCB

Diagnostic LEDs, Satellite PCB

Table 8-5: LED Colour Indication **Diagnostic LEDs** green DS 1 GPS 1PPS: on the satellite PCB indicates reception of 1PPS timing pulse from GPS receivers DS 2 100 Hz INT; green flashes at internal 100 Hz clock rate DS 3 ADC cycle; green flashes at cycle rate of on-board analog-to-digital converter DS 4 SYS FAIL; red bright red at power-up and in case of system failure, remains dimly lit during normal operation. DS 5 green 24 VDC supply power present

8.2 EM Sensor and Preamplifier

Malfunction of the EM sensor, resulting in a "Sensor1 Failure" alarm being given, may be caused by a mechanical or electrical defect in the sensor or by a defective preamplifier. As the preamplifier contains no built-in test circuitry, only a basic electrical check is possible in the field.

The applicable troubleshooting procedures are described in the installation, maintenance and service instructions for the respective sensor. The following documents apply:

- Sensor NF: document no. 002829-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF I: document no. 004040-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF II: document no. 004120-0125-001;
- Sensor FNF III: document no. 004874-0125-001.

Chapter 9: Corrective Maintenance

The NAVIKNOT 600 SE CDU, the PCBs inside the electronics unit and the EM-Log preamplifier are generally not field-serviceable on the component level. Defective devices must be sent back to Sperry Marine for repair.

The only corrective maintenance procedures which may be performed by field service personnel are the exchange of the system software in the electronics unit and the replacement of the RS-422 output drivers and the pulse output relays.



The NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit contains electrostatic sensitive components.

Electrostatic discharge may permanently damage components.

When servicing the electronics unit, take precautions to prevent electrostatic discharge. Avoid touching any of the electronic circuitry.

9.1 Exchanging the System Software

Downloading Software from the Flashboard

The NAVIKNOT 600 SE electronics unit keeps two separate copies of the system software, one in an onboard flash memory and the other on the exchangeable software flashboard 20705.

The system always boots up from the onboard memory. Should, at power-up, a different software version be found on the flashboard than is currently stored onboard, the software from the flashboard is automatically copied to the onboard memory and the system is restarted.

This allows both to upgrade to newer and to downgrade to previous releases by simply exchanging the flashboard.

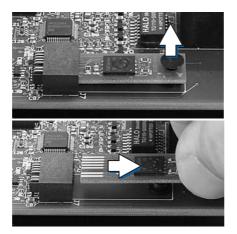


It cannot be guaranteed that parameters settings in the User and Setup menus and the currently active manual settings are left intact during the software download.

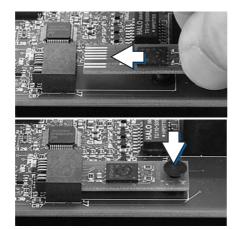
Before exchanging the flashboard, record all settings to be able to reenter them manually, if required.

Exchanging the Flashboard

- 1. Power down the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system.
- 2. Open the electronics unit and locate the old flashboard in its socket (J7) on the PCB.

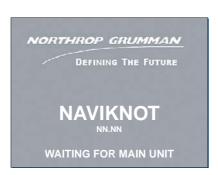


- 3. Carefully remove the plastic pin which secures the flashboard to the PCB.
- 4. Pull the old flashboard out of the socket, making sure to touch it at the edges only.



- 5. Insert the new flashboard into the socket.
- 6. Secure the flashboard with the plastic pin.

- 7. Power-up the NAVIKNOT 600 SE system.
- 8. The electronics unit will recognize the new flashboard and download the updated software to the onboard memory.



 The CDU shows the "waiting for main unit" message for several minutes while the software is downloaded. During the download, the LEDs CR 6, 7 and 22 on the electronics unit PCB will flash in sequence. Upon completion of the download, the system automatically restarts.



Do not disconnect power or otherwise interrupt the power-up process after an exchange of the flashboard.

Uploading Software via the Service Interface

The system software may also be uploaded from a PC or laptop via the RS-232 service interface on the electronics unit PCB.

At the time of writing of this manual, however, an upload program for field service use is not yet available. Sperry Marine will issue an official Service Bulletin as soon as such a program becomes available.

9.2 Replacing RS-422 Output Driver ICs

The RS-422 output drivers, ICs 2 and 16, are socketed 16-pin DIL chips. If failure or malfunction of RS-422 outputs is attributed to a defective driver IC, the respective chip can easily be replaced against a new one.

The driver ICs are standard quadruple RS-422 line drivers (MC3487), available from Sperry Marine Hamburg under part no. 46485.

9.3 Replacing Pulse Output Relays

The pulse output relays, ICs 14, 15, 17, 18, 23 and 24, are socketed solid state relays in a 6-pin DIL package. If failure of a pulse output is attributed to a defective relay, the respective component can easily be replaced against a new one.

The pulse relays are photocoupler photo relays (TLP 598G), available from Sperry Marine Hamburg under part no. 42842.

Note

Appendix

A Setup and Configuration Tables

The following tables (blank forms) are appended to this manual:

Designation	Drawing No.
NAVIKNOT 600 SE Setup Table	5004-0125-02
NAVIKNOT 600 SE Record of Calibration Trial Runs	5004-0125-04

After installation of the NAVIKNOT 600 SE, please return a filled-out copy of the Setup Table to Sperry Marine for inclusion in the ship's file. When permanent changes are made to the system configuration, please return an updated copy of the Setup Table to Sperry Marine.

B Drawings

-8

The following drawings are appended to this manual:

Designation	Drawing No.
NAVIKNOT Electronics Unit; Dimension Drawing	5004-0112-01
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit 3x1 (in housing with bracket); Dimension Drawing	5002-0112-01
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit 3x1 (for console frame or panel mounting); Dimension Drawing	5002-0112-02
Console Frame Layout NAVIKNOT CDU 3x1; Dimen- sion Drawing	0031-0112-73
Console Cutout 3x1; Dimension Drawing	0031-0112-02
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit 2x1 (in housing with bracket); Dimension Drawing	5001-0112-01
NAVIKNOT Control and Display Unit 2x1 (for console frame or panel mounting); Dimension Drawing	5001-0112-02
Console Frame Layout NAVIKNOT CDU 2x1; Dimen- sion Drawing	0021-0112-86
Console Cutout 2x1; Dimension Drawing	0021-0112-02
NAVIKNOT Antenna	5008-0112-01
Satellite Speed Log NAVIKNOT 600 SE; Standard Connection Drawing	5002-0153-11

Note



All appended documents and drawings are revision-controlled separately at Sperry Marine.

In case of doubt, verify the current revision status of the drawings with Sperry Marine. This manual's revision status does not change when the revision of an appended document or drawing changes. NORTHROP GRUMMAN

NAVIKNOT 600 SE Setup Table

Vessel:

PEDIB

IMO No.:

Hull No.: Shipyard:

Service Station / Installer:

Date / Signature:

				_/		
	(CDU Configuratio	n (local CDU	setups)		
CDU 1 CDU 2				CDU 3	CDU 4	
ID:		ID:	ID:	ID:		
Dim Grp.:	Dim	Grp.:	Dim Grp.:	Dim Gr	Dim Grp.:	
		User	Setup			
	Dam	ping Times	LCD Color	Scales		
Di	isplay (s):		○ white	Speed	Docking	
0	utput (s):		⊖ blue	🔿 kn	🔿 kn	
Docking (s):			⊖ black	⊖ m/s	⊖ m/s	
20				⊖ ft/s	⊖ ft/s	
		Service Se	etup - Page 1			
Analog Outpu	t	Source 🔿	SOG OST	W		
Voltage Min. Voltage (V):				Max. Voltage (V):		
Min. Speed (kn):				Max. Speed (kn):		
	Current Min.	Current (mA):	Max. Current (mA):			
	Min.	Speed (kn):	Max. Speed (kn):			
Pulse Output 1-3 Pulse Out		Pulse Output	4-5	Pulse Output 6		
Pulse/NM	Source	Pulse/NM	Source	Pulse/Mute	Source	
○ 10 P/NM		10 P/NM		○ 10 P/NM		

Pul Puls 10 P/NM ⊖ SOG 10 P/NM ⊖ SOG 10 P/NM ⊖ SOG \bigcirc STW ⊖ STW ○ STW ○ 100 P/NM ○ 100 P/NM ○ 100 P/NM O 200 P/NM O 200 P/NM O 200 P/NM O 400 P/NM O 400 P/NM ○ 400 P/NM 20000 P/NM
 20000 P/NM
 20000 P/NM
 20000 P/NM
 20000 P/NM
 20000 P/NM
 ○ Mute Relay **RS-422 Output 1-3 RS-422 Output 4-6** Messages Baudrate Messages Baudrate VBW ○ 4800 Baud VBW ○ 4800 Baud ○ 9600 Baud ○ 9600 Baud VHW VHW VLW ○ 38400 Baud VLW ○ 38400 Baud □ VLW extended □ VLW extended VTG VTG PPLAK PPLAK

Northrop Grumman Sperry Marine B.V. (Representative Office) Woltmanstr. 19, 20097 Hamburg, Germany Tel.: +49-40-29900-0, Fax: +49-40-29900-298, E-mail: service.de@sperry.ngc.com

PEDIB

			Service S	etup - Page	e 1, contd			
NMEA Inpu	ut 1			NME	A Input 2			
Messages HDT ROT DDC PPLAI		Baudrate ○ 4800 Baud ○ 9600 Baud ○ 38400 Baud		Messages HDT ROT DDC PPLAI		<i>Baudrate</i> ○ 4800 Baud ○ 9600 Baud ○ 38400 Baud		
			Servio	e Setup - I	Page 2			
System Type		X NAVIKNOT 600 SE						
Sensor Ser	nsitivity	Value:						
Relay Speed Limit		Min.Value (kn): Max.Value (kn): Min. Value ON Max. Value ON						
Calibration		Cal.	Table ON					
			Cali	bration Ta	ble			
Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.	Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.	Cal. No.	Uncal. Sp	True Spd.
0			7			14		
1			8			15		
2			9			16		
3			10			17		
4			11			18		
5			12			19		
6			13			20		
GPS Setup (menu pages served from satellite PCB)		Heading Selection GPS: ON Diff. Limit: not applicable MAG: OFF EXT: OFF Align and Calibrate Antenna Orientation Gyro Orientation Porward Forward						
 Port Starboard Aft Port Aft Port <i>R/P Offsets, Mag at Sea Cal., NMEA Output Sel. and Port D Output Sel. not applicable in NAVIKNOT systems</i>								applicable
Antenna Di	istances	To Steri	n (m):	То	To Centerline (m):			
		To Bow	(m):					

NORTHROP GRUMMAN

NAVIKNOT 600 SE Record of Calibration Trial Runs

Sperry Marine

Hull No.:

Vessel: IMO No.:

-Shipyard:

Service Station / Installer:

Date / Signature:

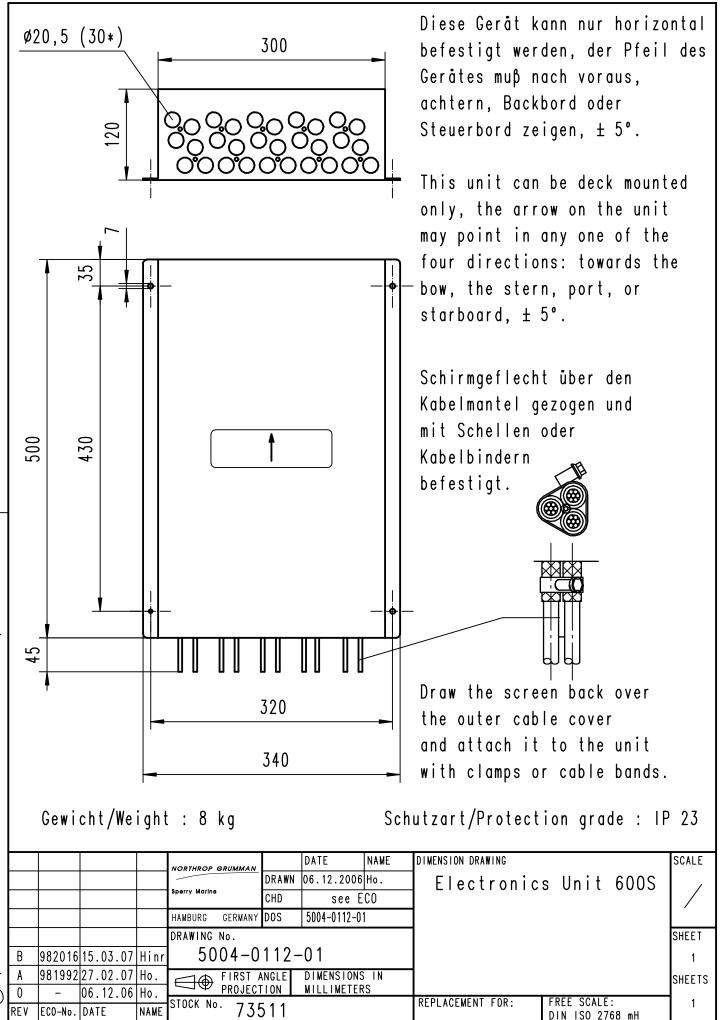
/

Location of runs:

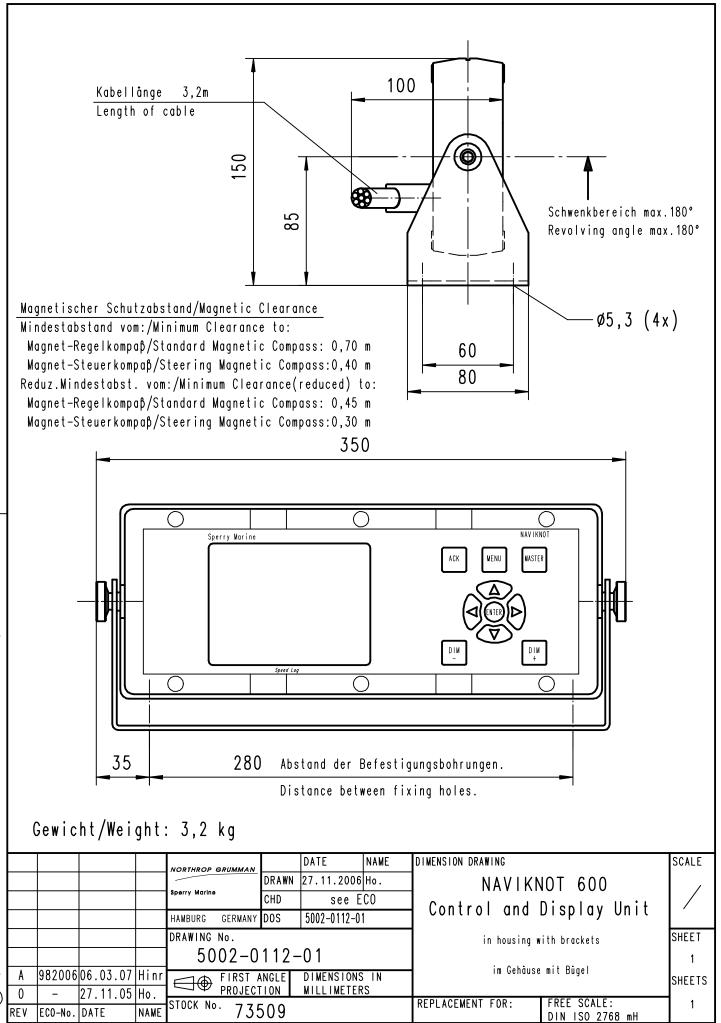
Remarks:

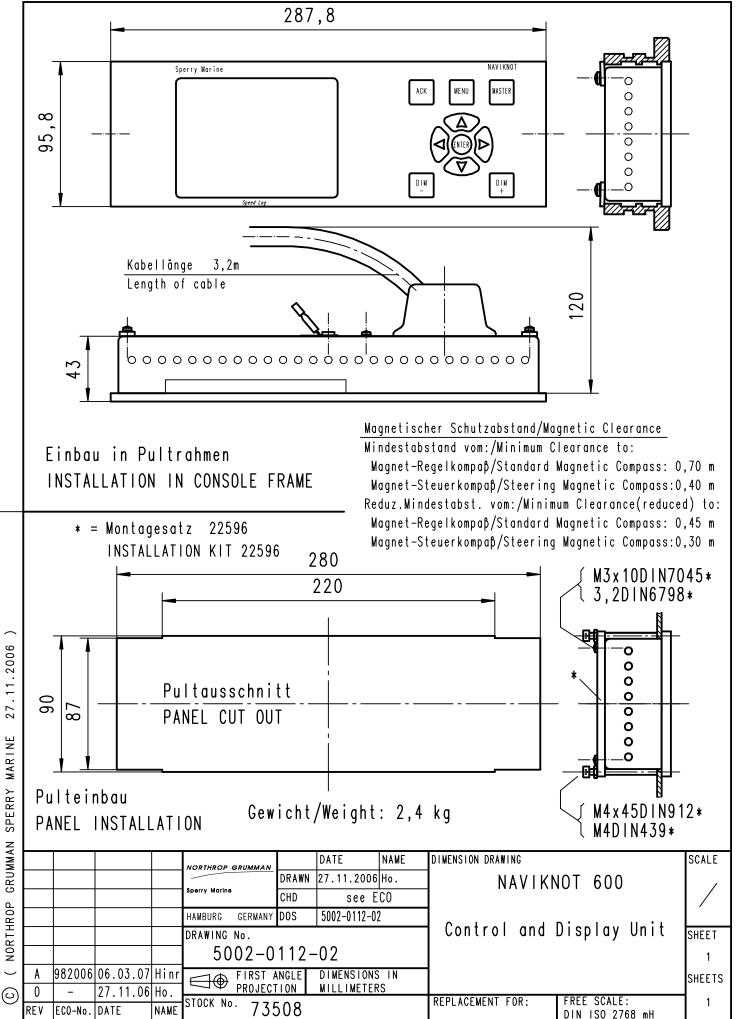
Run #:	engine RPM:									
		run parameters	computed values							
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed					
Run A (or single run)										
Run B (return run)										
averaged values (cal. table entry)										
Run #:										
		run parameters	computed values							
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed					
Run A (or single run)										
Run B (return run)										
averaged values (cal. table entry)										
Run #:										
		run parameters	computed values							
	elapsed time (s)	distance (NM)	heading (°)	avg. uncal. spd.	true water speed					
Run A (or single run)										
Run B (return run)										
		averaged values	s (cal. table entry)							

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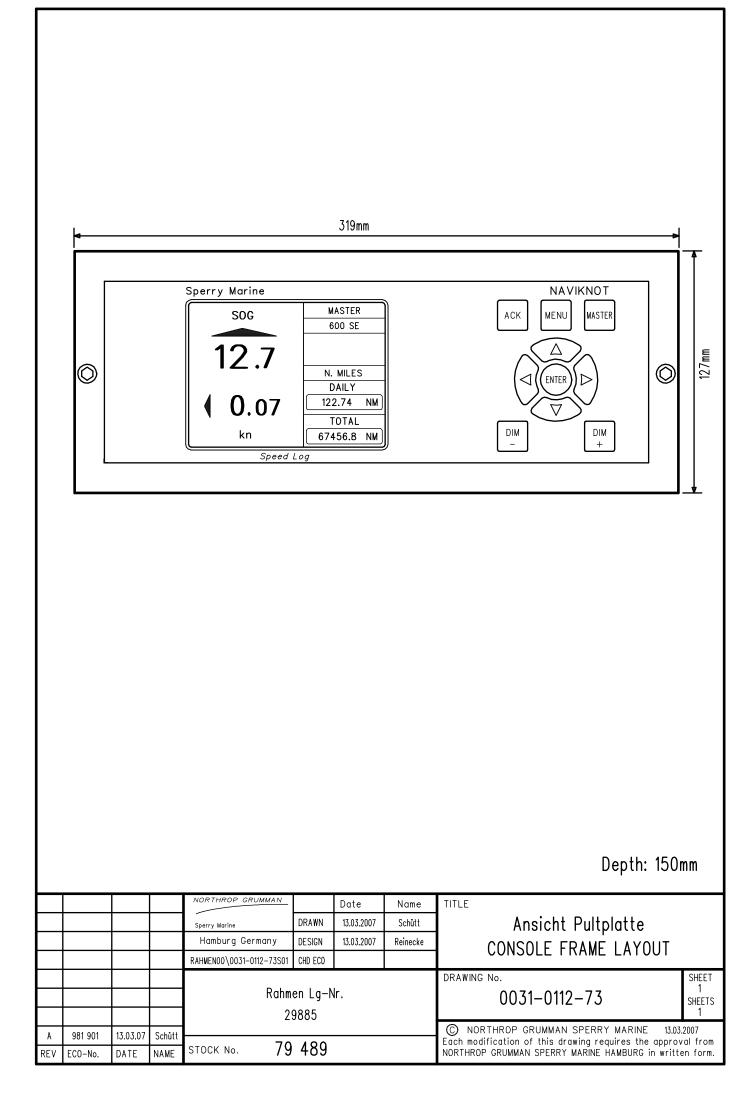


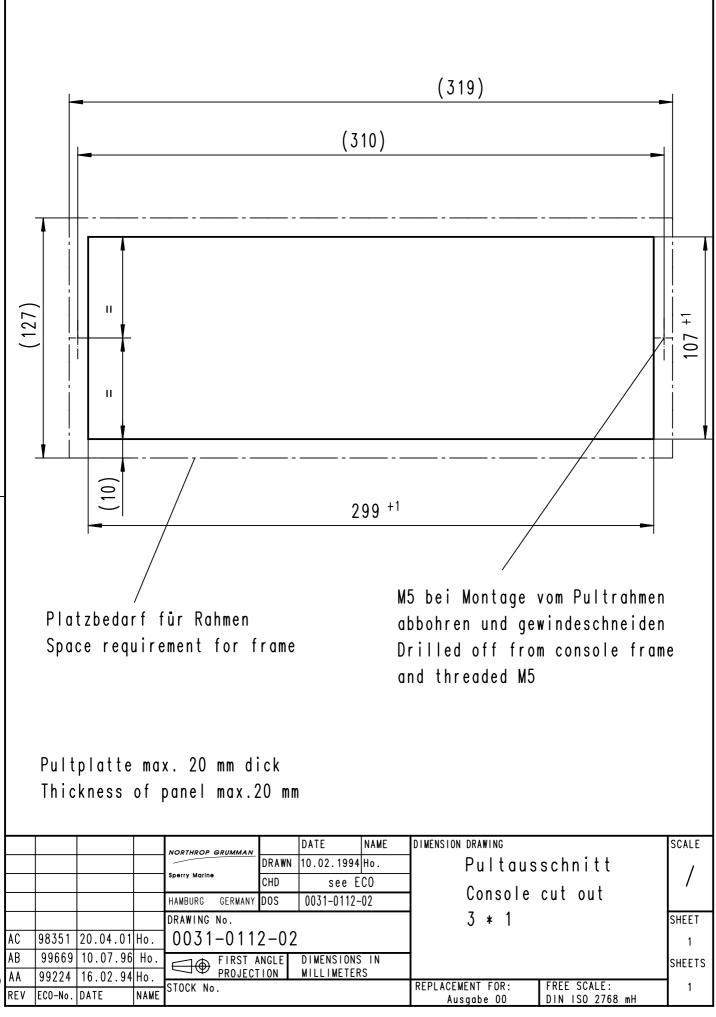
🔘 (NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE 06.12.2006)



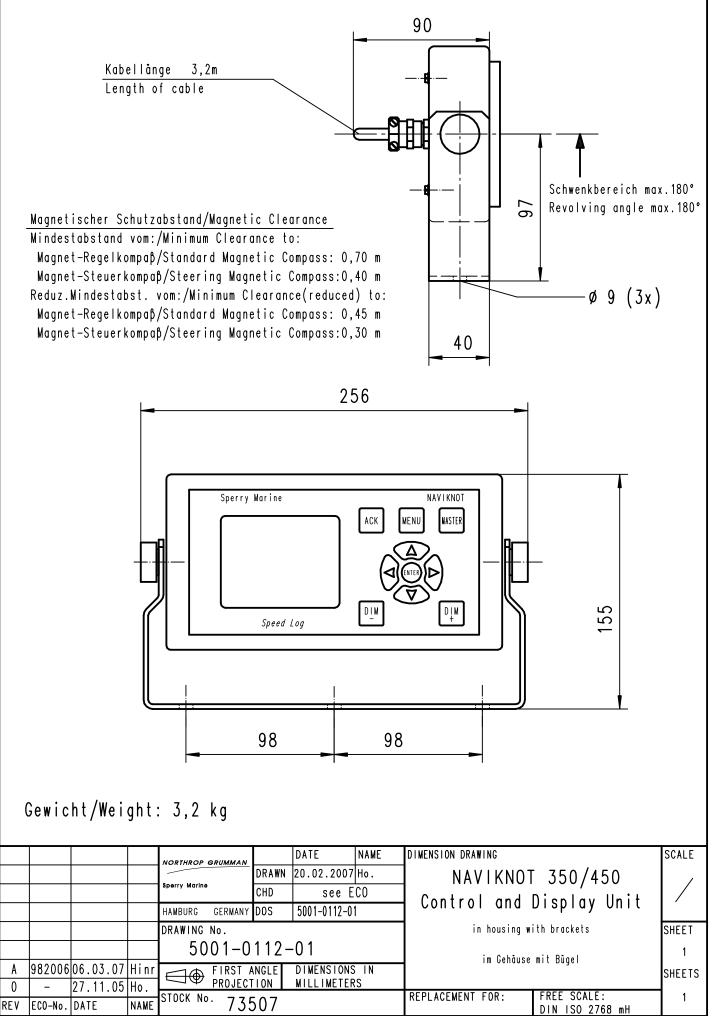


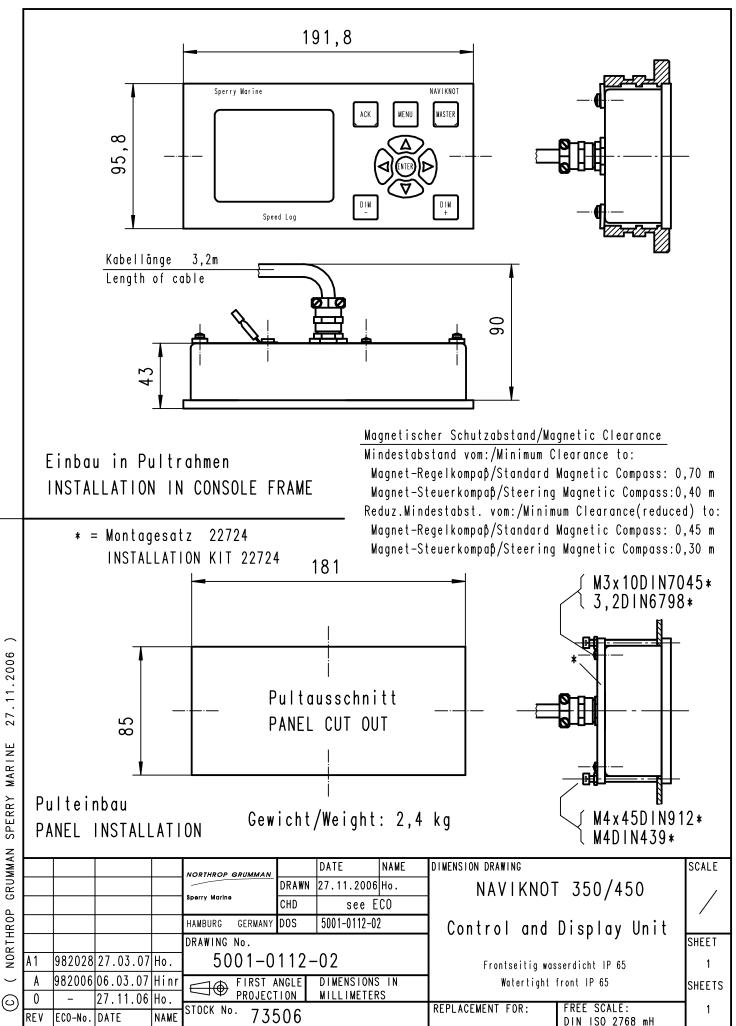
(NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE 27.11.2006)

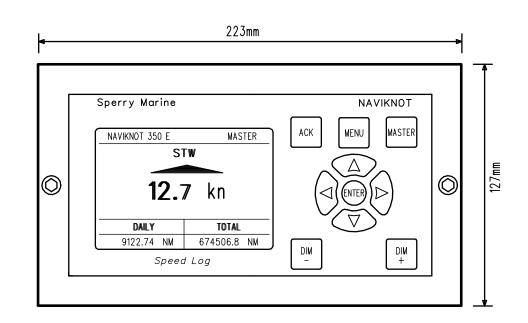




C) (NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE 10.02.1994)







Depth: 150mm

				NORTHROP GRUMMAN		Date	Name	TITLE		
				Sperry Marine	DRAWN	13.03.2007	Schutt	Ansicht Pultplatte CONSOLE FRAME LAYOUT		
				Hamburg Germany	DESIGN	13.03.2007	Reinecke			
				RAHMEN00\0021-0112-86S01	CHD ECO					
				Rahmen Lg-Nr. 39086				drawing no. 0021-0112-86	SHEET 1 SHEETS 1	
a Rev	981 901 ECO-No.	13.03.07 Date	Schūtt NAME	STOCK No. 79 488				© NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE 13.03. Each modification of this drawing requires the approv NORTHROP GRUMMAN SPERRY MARINE HAMBURG in writte	al from	

